UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2020

OR

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

001-32492

(Commission File Number)

LAZARD LTD

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Bermuda

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) 98-0437848

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11, Bermuda (Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number: (441) 295-1422

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A Common Stock	LAZ	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes 🛛 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "scalerated filer," and "emerging growth company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	\boxtimes	Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	
		Emerging growth company	
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If the Registrant is an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the Registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

As of October 23, 2020, there were 112,766,091 shares of the Registrant's common stock outstanding (including 7,734,128 shares held by subsidiaries).

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When we use the terms "Lazard", "we", "us", "our" and "the Company", we mean Lazard Ltd, a company incorporated under the laws of Bermuda, and its subsidiaries, including Lazard Group LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Lazard Group"), that is the current holding company for our businesses. Lazard Ltd's primary operating asset is its indirect ownership as of September 30, 2020 of all of the common membership interests in Lazard Group and its controlling interest in Lazard Group. When we use the term "common stock", we mean Class A common stock of Lazard Ltd, the only class of common stock of Lazard outstanding.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND DECEMBER 31, 2019 (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

	1	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019		
ASSETS	-				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,109,745	\$	1,231,593	
Deposits with banks and short-term investments		1,193,717		1,180,686	
Cash deposited with clearing organizations and other segregated cash		41,260		43,280	
Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$38,250 and \$27,130 at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively):					
Fees		468,352		537,442	
Customers and other		106,746		125,696	
		575,098		663,138	
Investments		535,245		531,995	
Property (net of accumulated amortization and depreciation of \$398,336 and \$367,545					
at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively)		233,481		219,842	
Operating lease right-of-use assets		517,583		551,504	
Goodwill and other intangible assets (net of accumulated amortization					
of \$69,590 and \$68,305 at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively)		373,841		373,594	
Deferred tax assets		557,120		586,750	
Other assets		329,907		257,199	
Total Assets	\$	5,466,997	\$	5,639,581	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND DECEMBER 31, 2019 (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

	S	September 30, 2020		ecember 31, 2019	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Liabilities:					
Deposits and other customer payables	\$	1,244,562	\$	1,246,200	
Accrued compensation and benefits		451,180		602,777	
Operating lease liabilities		609,850		644,345	
Tax receivable agreement obligation		221,890		247,344	
Senior debt		1,681,487		1,679,562	
Deferred tax liabilities		2,582		3,511	
Other liabilities		476,748		534,268	
Total Liabilities		4,688,299		4,958,007	
Commitments and contingencies					
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share; 15,000,000 shares authorized:					
Series A - no shares issued and outstanding		-		-	
Series B - no shares issued and outstanding		-		-	
Common stock:					
Class A, par value \$.01 per share (500,000,000 shares authorized;					
112,766,091 shares issued at September 30, 2020 and					
December 31, 2019, including shares held by subsidiaries as					
indicated below)		1,128		1,128	
Additional paid-in-capital		95,143		41,020	
Retained earnings		1,160,310		1,193,570	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax		(279,785)		(293,648)	
		976,796		942,070	
Class A common stock held by subsidiaries, at cost (7,760,197 and 8,513,493					
shares at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively)		(282,983)		(332,079)	
Total Lazard Ltd Stockholders' Equity		693,813		609,991	
Noncontrolling interests		84,885		71,583	
Total Stockholders' Equity		778,698		681,574	
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	5,466,997	\$	5,639,581	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTH AND NINE MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019 (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2020	2019			2020		2019
REVENUE								
Investment banking and other advisory fees	\$	304,999	\$	305,303	\$	906,927	\$	970,081
Asset management fees		265,562		287,140		780,071		876,159
Interest income		1,059		3,962		4,811		11,775
Other		26,402		14,668		56,634		65,537
Total revenue		598,022		611,073		1,748,443		1,923,552
Interest expense		20,344		20,005		60,459		58,120
Net revenue		577,678		591,068		1,687,984		1,865,432
OPERATING EXPENSES								-
Compensation and benefits		354,625		391,363		1,025,948		1,136,087
Occupancy and equipment		31,318		29,856		94,090		89,104
Marketing and business development		7,562		27,318		34,265		84,086
Technology and information services		33,457		34,076		97,444		104,956
Professional services		14,701		15,105		45,974		48,466
Fund administration and outsourced services		26,196		28,425		76,639		85,848
Amortization and other acquisition-related costs		458		1,022		1,359		9,534
Other		4,681		11,530		27,623		33,630
Total operating expenses		472,998		538,695		1,403,342		1,591,711
OPERATING INCOME		104,680		52,373	_	284,642	_	273,721
Provision for income taxes		28,165		4,177		76,720		55,536
NET INCOME		76,515		48,196		207,922		218,185
LESS - NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO		,		,.,.		_ • , ,,		
NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS		1,423		1,492		(4,650)		8,662
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO LAZARD LTD	\$	75,092	\$	46,704	\$	212,572	\$	209,523
ATTRIBUTABLE TO LAZARD LTD CLASS A COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:								
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK OUTSTANDING:								
Basic	1	07,168,615		109,285,727		106.711.547		111,070,395
Diluted		13,181,564		113,881,690		112,929,830		116,959,041
NET INCOME PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK:	-	,,		- , , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , -		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Basic	\$	0.69	\$	0.42	\$	1.96	\$	1.87
Diluted	\$	0.66	\$	0.40	\$	1.88	\$	1.77

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTH AND NINE MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019 (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			0,	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2020		2019				2019	
NET INCOME	\$	76,515	\$	48,196	\$	207,922	\$	218,185	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), NET OF									
TAX:									
Currency translation adjustments		34,326		(26,760)		5,964		(30,033)	
Employee benefit plans:									
Prior service cost (credit) (net of tax (benefit) expense of \$(22)									
for the three months ended September 30, 2020		(110)				- 4			
and \$16 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020)		(110)		-		74		-	
Actuarial gain (loss) (net of tax (benefit) expense of $(1,644)$									
and $(1,607)$ for the three months ended September 30, 2020									
and 2019, respectively, and \$(25) and \$1,113									
for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019,		((101)		0.050		0.071		11.011	
respectively)		(6,424)		9,050		2,971		11,911	
Adjustment for items reclassified to earnings (net of									
tax expense of \$412 and \$172 for the three months									
ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively,									
and \$1,088 and \$524 for the nine months ended									
September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively)		1,345		1,074		4,855		3,319	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), NET OF TAX		29,137		(16,636)		13,864		(14,803)	
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		105,652		31,560		221,786		203,382	
LESS - COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO									
NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS		1,424		1,493		(4,649)		8,662	
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO									
LAZARD LTD	\$	104,228	\$	30,067	\$	226,435	\$	194,720	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019 (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2020	2019		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income	\$ 207,922	\$ 218,185		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization of property	25,716	24,857		
Noncash lease expense	46,965	40,268		
Amortization of deferred expenses and share-based incentive compensation	282,955	317,111		
Amortization and other acquisition-related costs	1,359	9,534		
Deferred tax provision (benefit)	30,680	(6,413		
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	6,505		
(Increase) decrease in operating assets and increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:				
Receivables-net	86,038	6,866		
Investments	(1,035)	43,559		
Other assets	(160,066)	(128,562		
Accrued compensation and benefits and other liabilities	(265,128)	(213,501		
Net cash provided by operating activities	255,406	318,409		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Additions to property	(34,210)	(40,669		
Disposals of property	151	98		
Net cash used in investing activities	(34,059)	(40,571		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	(31,005)	(10,071		
Proceeds from:				
Issuance of senior debt, net of expenses	-	492,032		
Customer deposits		345,394		
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	91	1,193		
Payments for:	,1	1,175		
Senior debt		(255,746		
Customer deposits	(37,850)			
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(1,921)			
Payments under tax receivable agreement	(25,454)			
Purchase of Class A common stock	(95,227)			
Class A common stock dividends	(147,233)			
Settlement of share-based incentive compensation	(71,508)			
Other financing activities	(5,316)			
Net cash used in financing activities	(384,418)			
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND	(301,110)	(100,007		
RESTRICTED CASH	52,234	(92,487		
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH	(110,837)			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH— January 1	2,455,559	2,291,885		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH—		2,291,005		
September 30	\$ 2,344,722	\$ 2,288,569		
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH WITHIN THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION:				
	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,109,745	\$ 1.231.593		
Deposits with banks and short-term investments	1,109,743	1,180,686		
Cash deposited with clearing organizations and other segregated cash	41,260	43,280		
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH	\$ 2,344,722	\$ 2,455,559		
TO THE CASH MAD CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH	φ 2,544,722	φ <u>2,</u> 1 ,5,5,559		

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED) s)

(doll	ars	in	tho	usa	nds

	<u> </u>	Stock	Additional Paid-In- Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax		Class A Common Stock Held By Subsidiaries Shares S		Total Lazard Ltd Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance - July 1, 2019	129,766,091	\$ 1,298	\$ 582,342	\$1,179,901		(271,984)	21,761,253	\$(872,755)		\$ 99,076	\$ 717,878
Comprehensive income (loss):											
Net income				46,704					46,704	1,492	48,196
Other comprehensive income (loss) - net of tax						(16,637)			(16,637)	1	(16,636)
Amortization of share- based incentive											
compensation			95,162						95,162	(29,973)	65,189
Dividend equivalents			4,350	(7,852)					(3,502)	2,062	(1,440)
Class A common stock dividends											
(\$0.47 per share)				(50,235)					(50,235)		(50,235)
Purchase of Class A common stock							2,231,940	(78,569)	(78,569)		(78,569)
Delivery of Class A common stock in connection with share- based incentive compensation and related tax benefit											
of \$61			(2,510)				(42,611)	1,704	(806)		(806)
Business acquisitions and related equity transactions:											
Class A common stock issuable (including related											
amortization)			2,523						2,523		2,523
Dividend equivalents			136	(136)					-		-
Distributions to											
noncontrolling interests, net									-	(1,102)	(1,102)
Consolidated VIEs										1,223	1,223
Balance - September 30, 2019	129,766,091	\$ 1,298	\$ 682,003	<u>\$1,168,382</u>	\$	(288,621)	23,950,582	<u>\$(949,620)</u>	\$ 613,442	\$ 72,779	\$ 686,221

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED) s)

(dollars in	thousands)
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	<u> </u>	tockS	Additional Paid-In- Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax	Class Commor <u>Held By Su</u> Shares	1 Stock	Total Lazard Ltd Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance - January 1, 2019		\$ 1,298	\$ 750,692	\$1,195,563	\$ (273,818)	17,574,805	\$(756,884)		\$ 53,242	\$ 970,093
Comprehensive income (loss):	, ,					, ,				
Net income				209,523				209,523	8,662	218,185
Other comprehensive loss - net of tax					(14,803)			(14,803)	-	(14,803)
Amortization of share- based incentive compensation			220,364					220,364	5,908	226,272
Dividend equivalents			220,304	(30,613)				(6,121)	5,700	(6,121)
Class A common stock dividends			24,472	(50,015)				(0,121)		(0,121)
(\$1.88 per share)				(205,559)				(205,559)		(205,559)
Purchase of Class A common stock						11,946,943	(430,281)	(430,281)		(430,281)
Delivery of Class A common stock in connection with share- based incentive compensation and related tax benefit of \$4,419			(330,082)			(5,571,166)	237,545	(92,537)		(92,537)
Business acquisitions and related equity transactions:										
Class A common stock issuable (including related amortization)			16,005					16,005		16,005
Dividend equivalents			532	(532)				-		-
Distributions to noncontrolling interests, net				()				-	(7,720)	(7,720)
Consolidated VIEs								-	12,687	12,687
Balance - September 30, 2019	129,766,091	\$ 1,298	\$ 682,003	\$ 1,168,382	\$ (288,621)	23,950,582	\$(949,620)	\$ 613,442	\$ 72,779	\$ 686,221

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands)

	<u> </u>	Stock	Additional Paid-In- Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax	Class A Common Stock Held By Subsidiaries Shares \$ 7 785 103 \$(283 899)		Total Lazard Ltd Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance - July 1, 2020	112,766,091	\$ 1,128	\$ 52,274	\$1,140,015	\$ (308,921)	7,785,103	\$(283,899)		\$ 83,371	\$ 683,968
Comprehensive income:										
Net income				75,092				75,092	1,423	76,515
Other comprehensive										
income - net										
of tax					29,136			29,136	1	29,137
Amortization of share-										
based incentive										
compensation			39,292					39,292	379	39,671
Dividend equivalents			4,446	(4,990)				(544)	(1,186)	(1,730)
Class A common stock										
dividends				(40.241)				(40.241)		(40.241)
(\$0.47 per share)				(49,341)				(49,341)		(49,341)
Delivery of Class A common stock in connection with share- based incentive compensation and related										
tax expense										
of \$5			(1,377)			(24,906)	916	(461)		(461)
Business acquisitions and related equity										
transactions:										
Class A common stock issuable (including related										
amortization)			43					43		43
Dividend equivalents			465	(465)				-		-
Distributions to										
noncontrolling interests, net								-	(36)	(36)
Consolidated VIEs								-	933	933
Other				(1)				(1)		(1)
Balance - September 30, 2020	112,766,091	\$ 1,128	\$ 95,143	\$1,160,310	<u>\$ (279,785)</u>	7,760,197	<u>\$(282,983)</u>	\$ 693,813	<u>\$ 84,885</u>	<u> </u>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED) s)

(dol	lars	in	tho	usan	ds

	<u> </u>	Stock	Additional Paid-In- Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax	Clas Common <u>Held By Su</u> Shares	n Stock	Total Lazard Ltd Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance - January 1, 2020	112,766,091	\$ 1,128	\$ 41,020	\$1,193,570	\$ (293,648)	8,513,493	\$(332,079)		\$ 71,583	\$ 681,574
Adjustment for cumulative effect on prior years from the	,,.							,.	. ,	
adoption of new accounting guidance				(7,575)				(7,575)		(7,575)
Balance, as adjusted		·								
January 1, 2020	112,766,091	1,128	41,020	1,185,995	(293,648)	8,513,493	(332,079)	602,416	71,583	673,999
Comprehensive income (loss):	112,700,091	1,120	11,020	1,100,770	(2)0,010)	0,010,170	(002,017)	002,110	11,000	010,777
Net income (loss)				212,572				212,572	(4,650)	207,922
Other comprehensive income - net of tax					13,863			13,863	1	13,864
Amortization of share- based incentive										
compensation			177,428					177,428	2,948	180,376
Dividend equivalents			15,791	(17,530)				(1,739)	(3,558)	(5,297)
Class A common stock			15,791	(17,550)				(1,759)	(3,558)	(3,297)
dividends										
(\$1.41 per share)				(147,233)				(147,233)		(147,233)
Purchase of Class A				(147,255)				(147,255)		(147,233)
common stock						2,912,035	(95,227)	(95,227)		(95,227)
Delivery of Class A						2,912,055	(95,227)	(93,227)		(95,227)
common stock in connection with share- based incentive compensation and related tax benefit										
of \$978			(139,933)	(74,228)		(3,644,119)	143,631	(70,530)		(70,530)
Business acquisitions and related equity transactions:			,			, · · ,				
Class A common stock issuable (including related										
amortization)			147					147		147
Delivery of Class A common stock			(692)			(21,212)	692	-		-
Dividend equivalents			1,382	(1,382)				-		-
Distributions to noncontrolling interests,									(1.020)	(1.020)
net								-	(1,830)	
Consolidated VIEs								-	20,391	20,391
Other				2,116				2,116		2,116
Balance - September 30, 2020	112,766,091	\$ 1,128	<u>\$ 95,143</u>	\$1,160,310	<u>\$ (279,785)</u>	7,760,197	<u>\$(282,983)</u>	\$ 693,813	<u>\$ 84,885</u>	<u> </u>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Organization

Lazard Ltd, a Bermuda holding company, and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Lazard Ltd", "Lazard", "we" or the "Company"), including Lazard Ltd's indirect investment in Lazard Group LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (collectively referred to, together with its subsidiaries, as "Lazard Group"), is one of the world's preeminent financial advisory and asset management firms and has long specialized in crafting solutions to the complex financial and strategic challenges of our clients. We serve a diverse set of clients around the world, including corporations, governments, institutions, partnerships and individuals.

Lazard Ltd indirectly held 100% of all outstanding Lazard Group common membership interests as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. Lazard Ltd, through its control of the managing members of Lazard Group, controls Lazard Group, which is governed by an Amended and Restated Operating Agreement dated as of February 4, 2019 (the "Operating Agreement").

Lazard Ltd's primary operating asset is its indirect ownership of the common membership interests of, and managing member interests in, Lazard Group, whose principal operating activities are included in two business segments:

- Financial Advisory, which offers corporate, partnership, institutional, government, sovereign and individual clients across the globe a wide array of financial advisory services regarding mergers and acquisitions ("M&A"), capital advisory, restructurings, shareholder advisory, sovereign advisory, capital raising and other strategic advisory matters, and
- Asset Management, which offers a broad range of global investment solutions and investment management services in equity and fixed income strategies, asset allocation strategies, alternative investments and private equity funds to corporations, public funds, sovereign entities, endowments and foundations, labor funds, financial intermediaries and private clients.

In addition, we record selected other activities in our Corporate segment, including management of cash, investments, deferred tax assets, outstanding indebtedness, certain contingent obligations, and assets and liabilities associated with Lazard Group's Paris-based subsidiary, Lazard Frères Banque SA ("LFB").

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of Lazard Ltd have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") regarding interim financial reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for complete financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in Lazard Ltd's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019. The accompanying December 31, 2019 unaudited condensed consolidated statement of financial condition data was derived from audited consolidated financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP for annual financial statement purposes. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented.

Preparing financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts that are reported in the financial statements and the accompanying disclosures. For example, discretionary compensation and benefits expense for interim periods is accrued based on the year-to-date amount of revenue earned, and an assumed annual ratio of compensation and benefits expense to revenue, with the applicable amounts adjusted for certain items. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions that Lazard may undertake in the future, actual results may differ materially from the estimates.

The consolidated results of operations for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 are not indicative of the results to be expected for any future interim or annual period.



NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

The condensed consolidated financial statements include Lazard Ltd, Lazard Group and Lazard Group's principal operating subsidiaries: Lazard Frères & Co. LLC ("LFNY"), a New York limited liability company, along with its subsidiaries, including Lazard Asset Management LLC and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "LAM"); the French limited liability companies Compagnie Financière Lazard Frères SAS ("CFLF") along with its subsidiaries, LFB and Lazard Frères Gestion SAS ("LFG"), and Maison Lazard SAS and its subsidiaries; and Lazard & Co., Limited ("LCL"), through Lazard & Co., Holdings Limited ("LCH"), an English private limited company, together with their jointly owned affiliates and subsidiaries.

The Company's policy is to consolidate entities in which it has a controlling financial interest. The Company consolidates:

- Voting interest entities ("VOEs") where the Company holds a majority of the voting interest in such VOEs, and
- Variable interest entities ("VIEs") where the Company is the primary beneficiary having the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and the obligation to absorb losses of, or receive benefits from, the VIE that could be potentially significant to the VIE (see Note 21).

When the Company does not have a controlling interest in an entity, but exerts significant influence over such entity's operating and financial decisions, the Company either (i) applies the equity method of accounting in which it records a proportionate share of the entity's net earnings or (ii) elects the option to measure its investment at fair value. Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

2. RECENT ACCOUNTING DEVELOPMENTS

Financial Instruments—Credit Losses: Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments—In June 2016, the FASB issued new guidance regarding the measurement of credit losses on financial instruments. The new guidance replaces the incurred loss impairment methodology in the current guidance with a methodology that reflects current expected credit losses ("CECL") and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to determine credit loss estimates.

The Company adopted the new guidance on January 1, 2020 using a modified retrospective approach and recorded a \$7,575 cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings upon adoption. The impact of the new guidance primarily relates to the Company's fee receivables.

To comply with the CECL model, the Company applies a bad debt charge-off rate, determined based on historical charge-off experience and adjusted for specific allowance based on current conditions of individual customers, to measure the expected credit loss for fee receivables. The Company also performs a qualitative assessment, on a quarterly basis, to monitor economic factors and other uncertainties that may require additional adjustment to the expected credit loss allowance.

See Note 4 for further details on the Company's receivables and allowance for doubtful accounts.

Intangibles—Goodwill and Other: Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment—In January 2017, the FASB issued updated guidance that eliminated Step 2 from the goodwill impairment test. Step 2 is the process of measuring a goodwill impairment loss by comparing the implied fair value of a reporting unit's goodwill with the carrying amount of that goodwill. The new guidance requires entities to measure a goodwill impairment loss as the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value, limited to the carrying amount of goodwill. The FASB also eliminated the requirements for entities that have reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts to perform a qualitative assessment for the goodwill impairment test. Instead, those entities would be required to disclose the amount of goodwill allocated to each reporting unit with a zero or negative carrying amount. The Company adopted the new guidance on January 1, 2020 and, in accordance with the new guidance, applied it prospectively to goodwill impairment tests performed after the adoption date.

Intangibles—Internal-Use Software: Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement that is a Service Contract—In August 2018, the FASB issued updated guidance on the accounting for implementation costs incurred in a cloud computing arrangement. The new guidance requires the capitalization of the implementation costs incurred in a cloud computing arrangement to be aligned with the requirements for capitalizing costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software. The Company adopted the new guidance as of January 1, 2020 and, in accordance with the new guidance, applied it prospectively to implementation costs incurred after the adoption date.



NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Related Party Guidance for Variable Interest Entities—In October 2018, the FASB issued updated guidance that requires consideration of indirect interest held through related parties under common control for determining whether fees paid to decision makers and service providers are variable interests. The amendments are required to be applied retrospectively with a cumulative-effect adjustment. The Company adopted the new guidance as of January 1, 2020 and its application did not have a material impact to the Company's financial statements.

Fair Value Measurement: Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement—In August 2018, the FASB issued updated guidance which modifies the disclosure requirements on fair value measurement. The updated guidance eliminates or modifies various required disclosures under the current guidance and includes additional requirements. The additional disclosures related to Level 3 fair value measurements are to be applied prospectively and other amendments are to be applied retrospectively. The Company adopted the new guidance on January 1, 2020 and its application did not have a material impact to the Company's financial statements.

Compensation-Retirement Benefits: Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans—In August 2018, the FASB issued updated guidance which modifies the disclosure requirements regarding defined benefit plans and other postretirement plans. The updated guidance eliminates or clarifies certain currently required disclosures and includes additional requirements. The Company adopted the new guidance on January 1, 2020 and will update its annual disclosures in accordance with the new guidance.

Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes—In December 2019, the FASB issued new guidance to simplify the accounting for income taxes. The amendments include the removal of certain exceptions and various improvements. These improvements are related to the accounting for franchise tax based on income, evaluation of step up in tax basis of goodwill, allocation of consolidated tax expense to standalone legal entities, recognition of enacted change in tax laws or rates, and other minor changes. The new guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The Company plans to adopt the new guidance on January 1, 2021 and does not expect the adoption of the amendments to have a material impact to the Company's financial statements.

3. REVENUE RECOGNITION

Investment Banking and Other Advisory Fees—Fees for Financial Advisory services are recorded when: (i) a contract with a client has been identified, (ii) the performance obligations in the contract have been identified, (iii) the fee or other transaction price has been allocated to each performance obligation in the contract, and (v) the Company has satisfied the applicable performance obligation. The expenses that are directly related to such transactions are recorded as incurred and presented within operating expenses when the Company is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise of the arrangement. Revenues associated with the reimbursement of such expenses are recorded when the Company is contractually entitled to reimbursement and presented within investment banking and other advisory fees.

Asset Management Fees—Fees for Asset Management services are primarily comprised of management fees and incentive fees. Management fees are derived from fees for investment management and other services provided to clients. Revenue is recorded in accordance with the same five criteria as Financial Advisory fees, which generally results in management fees being recorded on a daily, monthly or quarterly basis, primarily based on a percentage of client assets managed. Fees vary with the type of assets managed, with higher fees earned on equity assets, alternative investment (such as hedge fund) and private equity funds, and lower fees earned on fixed income and money market products. Expenses that are directly related to the sale or distribution of fund interests are recorded as incurred and presented within operating expenses when the Company is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise of the arrangement. Revenues associated with the reimbursement of such expenses are recorded when the Company is contractually entitled to reimbursement and presented within asset management fees.

In addition, the Company earns performance-based incentive fees on various investment products, including traditional products and alternative investment funds such as hedge funds and private equity funds.

For hedge funds, incentive fees are calculated based on a specific percentage of a fund's net appreciation, in some cases in excess of established benchmarks or thresholds. The Company records incentive fees on traditional products and hedge funds when a significant reversal in the amount of the cumulative revenue to be recognized is not probable, which is typically at the end of the relevant performance measurement period. The incentive fee measurement period is generally an annual period (unless an account is terminated during the year). The incentive fees received at the end of the measurement period are not subject to reversal or payback.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Incentive fees on hedge funds generally are subject to loss carryforward provisions in which losses incurred by the hedge funds in any year are applied against certain gains realized by the hedge funds in future periods before any incentive fees can be earned.

For private equity funds, incentive fees may be earned in the form of a "carried interest" if profits arising from realized investments exceed a specified threshold. Typically, such carried interest is ultimately calculated on a whole-fund basis and, therefore, clawback of carried interests during the life of the fund can occur. As a result, the Company records incentive fees earned on our private equity funds when a significant reversal in the amount of the cumulative revenue to be recognized is not probable, which is typically at the end of the relevant performance period.

Receivables relating to asset management and incentive fees are reported in "fees receivable" on the consolidated statements of financial condition.

The Company disaggregates revenue based on its business segment results and believes that the following information provides a reasonable representation of how performance obligations relate to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows:

	Three Mor Septem		Nine Mon Septen	 	
	 2020		2019	2020	 2019
Net Revenue:					
Financial Advisory (a)	\$ 305,473	\$	305,982	\$ 909,245	\$ 973,964
	 			 ;	
Asset Management:					
Management Fees and Other (b)	\$ 273,964	\$	298,752	\$ 809,071	\$ 910,321
Incentive Fees (c)	3,279		1,263	5,542	7,118
Total Asset Management	\$ 277,243	\$	300,015	\$ 814,613	\$ 917,439

- (a) Financial Advisory is comprised of M&A Advisory, Capital Advisory, Capital Raising, Restructuring, Shareholder Advisory, Sovereign Advisory, and other strategic advisory work for clients. The benefits of these advisory services are generally transferred to the Company's clients over time, and consideration for these advisory services typically includes transaction completion, transaction announcement and retainer fees. Retainer fees are generally fixed and recognized over the period in which the advisory services are performed. However, transaction announcement and transaction completion fees are variable and subject to constraints, and they are typically not recognized until there is an announcement date or a completion date, respectively, due to the uncertainty associated with those events. Therefore, in any given period, advisory fees recognized for certain transactions will relate to services performed in prior periods. The advisory fees that may be unrecognized as of the end of a reporting period, primarily comprised of fees associated with transaction announcements and transaction completions, generally remain unrecognized due to the uncertainty associated with those events.
- (b) Management fees and other is primarily comprised of management services. The benefits of these management services are transferred to the Company's clients over time. Consideration for these management services generally includes management fees, which are based on assets under management and recognized over the period in which the management services are performed. The selling or distribution of fund interests is a separate performance obligation within management fees and other, and the benefits of such services are transferred to the Company's clients at the point in time that such fund interests are sold or distributed.
- (c) Incentive fees is primarily comprised of management services. The benefits of these management services are transferred to the Company's clients over time. Consideration for these management services is generally variable and includes performance or incentive fees. The fees allocated to these management services that are unrecognized as of the end of the reporting period are generally amounts that are subject to constraints due to the uncertainty associated with performance targets and clawbacks.

In addition to the above, contracts with clients include trade-based commission income, which is recognized at the point in time of execution and presented within other revenue. Such income may be earned by providing trade facilitation, execution, clearance and settlement, custody, and trade administration services to clients.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

With regard to the disclosure requirement for remaining performance obligations, the Company elected the practical expedients permitted in the guidance to (i) exclude contracts with a duration of one year or less; and (ii) exclude variable consideration, such as transaction completion and transaction announcement fees, that is allocated entirely to unsatisfied performance obligations. Excluded variable consideration typically relates to contracts with a duration of one year or less, and is generally constrained due to uncertainties. Therefore, when applying the practical expedients, amounts related to remaining performance obligations are not material to the Company's financial statements.

4. RECEIVABLES

The Company's receivables represent fee receivables, amounts due from customers and other receivables. The fee receivables are generally due within 60 days from the date of invoice except as related to certain Restructuring services and certain Capital Raising activities, specifically Private Capital Advisory services, which have fee receivables due upon specified contractual payment terms. For customer loans within customer and other receivables, the Company has elected to apply the practical expedient, in accordance with CECL guidance, for financial assets with collateral maintenance provisions, which results in no expected credit losses given that these loans are maintained with collateral having a fair value in excess of the carrying amount of the loans as of September 30, 2020.

Receivables are stated net of an estimated allowance for doubtful accounts determined in accordance with the CECL model, for general credit risk of the overall portfolio and for specific accounts deemed uncollectible, which may include situations where a fee is in dispute.

For fee receivables, the allowance for doubtful accounts is determined together for all Financial Advisory fees, except for Private Capital Advisory given the different nature of the business, client composition, and risk characteristics. In addition, a separate allowance for doubtful accounts is determined for all Asset Management fees. The allowance is measured by the application of an average charge-off rate, determined annually based on historical bad debt charge-off experience, to the fee receivable balance of the respective services, adjusted for specific allowance recognized based on current conditions of individual clients. The current factors are considered on a quarterly basis and include the aging of the receivables, the clients' ability to make payments, and the Company's relationship with the client. In addition, the Company also performs a qualitative assessment on a quarterly basis to monitor economic factors and other uncertainties that may require additional adjustment to the expected credit loss allowance.

With respect to fees receivable from Financial Advisory activities, such receivables are generally deemed past due when they are outstanding 60 days from the date of invoice, except for certain transactions that include specific contractual payment terms that may vary from approximately one month to four years following the invoice date (as is the case for Private Capital Advisory fees) or may be subject to court approval (as is the case with Restructuring activities that include bankruptcy proceedings). In such cases, receivables are deemed past due when payment is not received by the agreed-upon contractual date or the court approval date, respectively. Financial Advisory fee receivables past due, from the date of invoice or the specific contractual payment terms, in excess of 180 days are fully provided for unless there is evidence that the balance is collectible. Notwithstanding our policy for receivables past due, any receivables that we determine are impaired result in specific reserves against such exposures. Asset Management fees are fully provided for when such receivables are outstanding 12 months after the invoice date. In addition, the Company specifically reserves against exposures relating to Asset Management fees where we determine receivables are impaired prior to being outstanding for 12 months.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Activity in the allowance for doubtful accounts for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 was as follows:

	Three Mo Septer	nths En nber 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	 2020			2020		2019	
Beginning Balance	\$ 40,959	\$	33,535	\$	27,130	\$	40,164
Adjustment for adoption of new accounting guidance	-		-		7,575		-
Bad debt expense, net of reversals	(3,808)		(546)		5,108		(6,097)
Charge-offs, foreign currency translation and other							
adjustments	1,099		(1,701)		(1,563)		(2,779)
Ending Balance *	\$ 38,250	\$	31,288	\$	38,250	\$	31,288

*The allowance for doubtful accounts balances are substantially all related to M&A and Restructuring fee receivables that include recoverable expense receivables.

Bad debt expense, net of reversals represents the current period provision of expected credit losses and is included in "operating expenses—other" on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Of the Company's fee receivables at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, \$82,179 and \$77,052, respectively, represented interest-bearing financing receivables for our Private Capital Advisory fees. Based upon our historical loss experience, the credit quality of the counterparties, and the lack of uncollectible amounts, there was no allowance for doubtful accounts required at those dates related to such receivables.

The aggregate carrying amount of our non-interest bearing receivables of \$492,919 and \$586,086 at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, approximates fair value.

5. INVESTMENTS

The Company's investments and securities sold, not yet purchased, consist of the following at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

	September 30, 2020	D	ecember 31, 2019
Interest-bearing deposits	\$ -	\$	517
Debt	-		100,000
Equities	38,103		48,521
Funds:			
Alternative investments (a)	33,105		16,581
Debt (a)	133,702		113,579
Equity (a)	294,956		218,435
Private equity	35,379		34,362
	497,142		382,957
Total investments	535,245		531,995
Less:			
Interest-bearing deposits	-		517
Investments, at fair value	\$ 535,245	\$	531,478
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value			
(included in "other liabilities")	\$ 1,005	\$	12,894

(a) Interests in alternative investment funds, debt funds and equity funds include investments with fair values of \$10,420, \$99,356 and \$240,433, respectively, at September 30, 2020 and \$9,881, \$78,360 and \$170,897, respectively, at December 31, 2019, held in order to satisfy the Company's liability upon vesting of previously granted Lazard Fund Interests ("LFI") and other similar

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

deferred compensation arrangements. LFI represent grants by the Company to eligible employees of actual or notional interests in a number of Lazard-managed funds, subject to service-based vesting conditions (see Notes 7 and 13).

Interest-bearing deposits have original maturities of greater than three months but equal to or less than one year and are carried at cost that approximates fair value due to their short-term maturities.

Debt primarily consists of U.S. Treasury securities with original maturities of greater than three months and less than one year.

Equities primarily consist of seed investments invested in marketable equity securities of large-, mid- and small-cap domestic, international and global companies held within separately managed accounts related to our Asset Management business.

Alternative investment funds primarily consist of interests in various Lazard-managed hedge funds, funds of funds and mutual funds. Such amounts primarily consist of seed investments in funds related to our Asset Management business and amounts related to LFI discussed above.

Debt funds primarily consist of seed investments in funds related to our Asset Management business that invest in debt securities, amounts related to LFI discussed above and an investment in a Lazard-managed debt fund.

Equity funds primarily consist of seed investments in funds related to our Asset Management business that invest in equity securities, and amounts related to LFI discussed above.

Private equity investments include those owned by Lazard and those consolidated but not owned by Lazard. Private equity investments owned by Lazard are primarily comprised of investments in private equity funds. Such investments primarily include (i) Edgewater Growth Capital Partners III, L.P. ("EGCP III"), a fund primarily making equity and buyout investments in middle market companies and (ii) a fund targeting significant noncontrolling-stake investments in established private companies.

Private equity investments consolidated but not owned by Lazard relate to the economic interests that are owned by the management team and other investors in the Edgewater Funds ("Edgewater").

During the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company reported in "revenue-other" on its condensed consolidated statements of operations net unrealized investment gains and losses pertaining to "equity securities and trading debt securities" still held as of the reporting date as follows:

	 Three Mor Septem		_	ed		
	2020	2019		2020		2019
Net unrealized investment gains (losses)	\$ 17,834	\$ (590)	\$	16,896	\$	26,562

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair Value Hierarchy of Investments and Certain Other Assets and Liabilities—Lazard categorizes its investments and certain other assets and liabilities recorded at fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1. Assets and liabilities whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market that Lazard has the ability to access.
- Level 2. Assets and liabilities whose values are based on (i) quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in an active market, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in non-active markets, or (ii) inputs other than quoted prices that are directly observable or derived principally from, or corroborated by, market data.
- Level 3. Assets and liabilities whose values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. These inputs reflect our own assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing the asset or liability. Items included in Level 3 include securities or other financial assets whose trading volume and level of activity have significantly decreased when compared with normal market activity and there is no longer sufficient frequency or volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.



NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

The fair value of debt is classified as Level 1 when the fair values are based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets.

The fair value of equities is classified as Level 1 or Level 3 as follows: marketable equity securities are classified as Level 1 and are valued based on the last trade price on the primary exchange for that security as provided by external pricing services; equity securities in private companies are generally classified as Level 3.

The fair value of investments in alternative investment funds, debt funds and equity funds is classified as Level 1 when the fair values are primarily based on the publicly reported closing price for the fund.

The fair value of investments in private equity funds is classified as Level 3 for certain investments that are valued based on the potential transaction value as of September 30, 2020.

The fair value of securities sold, not yet purchased, is classified as Level 1 when the fair values are based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets.

The fair value of the contingent consideration liability is classified as Level 3 and the fair value of the liability is remeasured at each reporting period. The inputs used to derive the fair value of the contingent consideration include the application of probabilities when assessing certain performance thresholds for the relevant periods. Any change in the fair value is recognized in "amortization and other acquisition-related costs" in the condensed consolidated statement of operations. Our business acquisitions may involve the potential payment of contingent consideration upon the achievement of certain performance thresholds. The contingent consideration liability is initially recorded at fair value of the contingent payments on the acquisition date and is included in "other liabilities" on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition.

The fair value of derivatives entered into by the Company is classified as Level 2 and is based on the values of the related underlying assets, indices or reference rates as follows: the fair value of forward foreign currency exchange rate contracts is a function of the spot rate and the interest rate differential of the two currencies from the trade date to settlement date; the fair value of total return swaps is based on the change in fair value of the related underlying equity security, financial instrument or index and a specified notional holding; the fair value of interest rate swaps is based on the interest rate yield curve; and the fair value of derivative liabilities related to LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements is based on the value of the underlying investments, adjusted for forfeitures. See Note 7.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Investments Measured at Net Asset Value ("NAV")—As a practical expedient, the Company uses NAV or its equivalent to measure the fair value of certain investments. NAV is primarily determined based on information provided by external fund administrators. The Company's investments valued at NAV as a practical expedient in (i) alternative investment funds, debt funds and equity funds are redeemable in the near term, and (ii) private equity funds are not redeemable in the near term as a result of redemption restrictions.

The following tables present, as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the classification of (i) investments and certain other assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis within the fair value hierarchy and (ii) investments measured at NAV or its equivalent as a practical expedient:

	September 30, 2020											
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		NAV		Total		
Assets:												
Investments:												
Equities	\$	36,492	\$	-	\$	1,611	\$	-	\$	38,103		
Funds:												
Alternative investments		16,315		-		-		16,790		33,105		
Debt		133,697		-		-		5		133,702		
Equity		294,917		-		-		39		294,956		
Private equity		-		-		1,165		34,214		35,379		
Derivatives		-		1,925		-		-		1,925		
Total	\$	481,421	\$	1,925	\$	2,776	\$	51,048	\$	537,170		
Liabilities:												
Securities sold, not yet purchased	\$	1,005	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,005		
Derivatives		-		285,946		-		-		285,946		
Total	\$	1,005	\$	285,946	\$	-	\$	-	\$	286,951		

	December 31, 2019											
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		NAV		Total		
Assets:												
Investments:												
Debt	\$	100,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	100,000		
Equities		46,921		-		1,600		-		48,521		
Funds:												
Alternative investments		15,731		-		-		850		16,581		
Debt		113,574		-		-		5		113,579		
Equity		218,393		-		-		42		218,435		
Private equity		-		-		1,371		32,991		34,362		
Derivatives		-		1,395		-		-		1,395		
Total	\$	494,619	\$	1,395	\$	2,971	\$	33,888	\$	532,873		
Liabilities:												
Securities sold, not yet purchased	\$	12,894	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,894		
Derivatives		-		236,273		-		-		236,273		
Total	\$	12,894	\$	236,273	\$	-	\$	-	\$	249,167		

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

The following tables provide a summary of changes in fair value of the Company's Level 3 assets and liabilities for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2020											
		inning llance	Rea Gains Inclu	realized/ alized a/Losses aded In ings (a)		chases/ usitions	Sal Dispos Settler	itions/	Curi	eign ency lation tments		Ending Salance
Assets:												
Investments:												
Equities	\$	1,580	\$	1	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30	\$	1,611
Private equity funds		1,012		152		-		-		1		1,165
Total Level 3 Assets	\$	2,592	\$	153	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31	\$	2,776

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020											
		ginning alance	Net Unrealized/ Realized Gains/Losses Included In Earnings (a)		Purchases/ Acquisitions		Sales/ Dispositions/ Settlements		Ci Tra	oreign urrency unslation ustments		Ending Salance
Assets:												
Investments:												
Equities	\$	1,600	\$	58	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(47)	\$	1,611
Private equity funds		1,371		(207)		-		-		1		1,165
Total Level 3 Assets	\$	2,971	\$	(149)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(46)	\$	2,776

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2019											
		Beginning Balance		Net Unrealized/ Realized Gains/Losses Included In Earnings (a)		chases/ uisitions	Sales/ Dispositions/ Settlements		Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments			Ending Balance
Assets:												
Investments:												
Equities	\$	1,606	\$	148	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(30)	\$	1,724
Private equity funds		2,131		15		-		-		-		2,146
Total Level 3 Assets	\$	3,737	\$	163	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(30)	\$	3,870
	_								_		_	
Liabilities:												
Contingent consideration liability	\$	4,386	\$	(73)	\$	-	\$	(2,418)	\$	-	\$	1,895
Total Level 3 Liabilities	\$	4,386	\$	(73)	\$	-	\$	(2,418)	\$	-	\$	1,895

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019											
		eginning Balance	Ga In	Unrealized/ Realized hins/Losses heluded In hrnings (a)	Ac	urchases/ quisitions/ ansfers (b)		Sales/ spositions/ ettlements	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments			Ending Balance
Assets:												
Investments:												
Equities	\$	1,622	\$	134	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(32)	\$	1,724
Private equity funds		-		15		2,131		-		-		2,146
Total Level 3 Assets	\$	1,622	\$	149	\$	2,131	\$	-	\$	(32)	\$	3,870
Liabilities:												
Contingent consideration liability	\$	10,009	\$	7,577	\$	-	\$	(15,691)	\$	-	\$	1,895
Total Level 3 Liabilities	\$	10,009	\$	7,577	\$	-	\$	(15,691)	\$	-	\$	1,895

(a) Earnings recorded in "other revenue" for investments in Level 3 assets for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 include net unrealized gains (losses) of \$153, \$(149), \$163 and \$149, respectively. Earnings recorded in "amortization and other acquisition-related costs" for the contingent consideration liability for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019 include unrealized (gains) losses of \$(73) and \$7,577, respectively.

(b) Certain investments that were valued at NAV as of December 31, 2018 were transferred to Level 3 during the nine month period ended September 30, 2019 as these investments are valued based on a potential transaction value that differs from NAV.

There were no other transfers into or out of Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy during the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

The following tables present, at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, certain investments that are valued using NAV or its equivalent as a practical expedient in determining fair value:

			September 30, 2020		
				Investments R	edeemable
	 Fair Value	 Unfunded Commitments	% of Fair Value Not Redeemable	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Alternative investment funds:					
Hedge funds	\$ 16,188	\$ -	NA	(a)	30-60 days
Other	602	-	NA	(b)	<30-30 days
Debt funds	5	-	NA	(c)	<30 days
Equity funds	39	-	NA	(d)	<30-60 days
Private equity funds:					
Equity growth	34,214	5,935 (e)	100%(f)	NA	NA
Total	\$ 51,048	\$ 5,935			

(a) monthly (99%) and quarterly (1%)

(b) daily (8%) and monthly (92%)

(c) daily (100%)

(d) monthly (36%) and annually (64%)

(e) Unfunded commitments to private equity investments consolidated but not owned by Lazard of \$11,014 are excluded. Such commitments are required to be funded by capital contributions from noncontrolling interest holders.

(f) Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated.



NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

					December 31, 2019		
					·	Investments Re	deemable
	Fair	Value	C	Unfunded commitments	% of Fair Value Not Redeemable	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Alternative investment funds:							
Hedge funds	\$	241	\$	-	NA	(a)	30-60 days
Other		609		-	NA	(b)	<30-30 days
Debt funds		5		-	NA	(c)	<30 days
Equity funds		42		-	NA	(d)	<30-60 days
Private equity funds:							
Equity growth		32,991		6,056 (e)	100%(f)	NA	NA
Total	\$	33,888	\$	6,056			

(a) monthly (52%) and quarterly (48%)

(b) daily (6%) and monthly (94%)

(c) daily (100%)

(d) monthly (34%) and annually (66%)

(e) Unfunded commitments to private equity investments consolidated but not owned by Lazard of \$11,155 are excluded. Such commitments are required to be funded by capital contributions from noncontrolling interest holders.

(f) Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated.

Investment Capital Funding Commitments—At September 30, 2020, the Company's maximum unfunded commitments for capital contributions to investment funds primarily arose from commitments to EGCP III, which amounted to \$5,370. The investment period for EGCP III ended on October 12, 2016, after which point the Company's obligation to fund capital contributions for new investments in EGCP III expired. The Company remains obligated until October 12, 2023 (or any earlier liquidation of EGCP III) to make capital contributions necessary to fund follow-on investments and to pay for fund expenses.

7. DERIVATIVES

The Company enters into forward foreign currency exchange rate contracts, interest rate swaps, interest rate futures, total return swap contracts on various equity and debt indices and other derivative contracts to economically hedge exposures to fluctuations in currency exchange rates, interest rates and equity and debt prices. The Company reports its derivative instruments separately as assets and liabilities unless a legal right of set-off exists under a master netting agreement enforceable by law. The Company's derivative instruments are recorded at their fair value, and are included in "other assets" and "other liabilities" on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition. Gains and losses on the Company's derivative instruments are generally included in "interest income" and "interest expense", respectively, or "revenue-other", depending on the nature of the underlying item, in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

In addition to the derivative instruments described above, the Company records derivative liabilities relating to its obligations pertaining to LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements, the fair value of which is based on the value of the underlying investments, adjusted for estimated forfeitures, and is included in "accrued compensation and benefits" in the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition. Changes in the fair value of the derivative liabilities are included in "compensation and benefits" in the condensed consolidated statements of operations, the impact of which equally offsets the changes in the fair value of investments which are currently expected to be delivered upon settlement of LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements, which are reported in "revenue-other" in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

The table below presents the fair value of the Company's derivative instruments reported within "other assets" and "other liabilities" and the fair value of the Company's derivative liabilities relating to its obligations pertaining to LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements reported within "accrued compensation and benefits" (see Note 13) on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of financial condition as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

	Ser	otember 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Derivative Assets:			
Forward foreign currency exchange rate contracts	\$	1,127	\$ 1,395
Total return swaps and other (a)		798	-
	\$	1,925	\$ 1,395
Derivative Liabilities:			
Forward foreign currency exchange rate contracts	\$	244	\$ 1,720
Total return swaps and other (a)		118	8,527
LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements		285,584	226,026
	\$	285,946	\$ 236,273

(a) For total return swaps, amounts represent the netting of gross derivative assets and liabilities of \$1,887 and \$1,207 as of September 30, 2020, respectively, and \$152 and \$8,679 as of December 31, 2019, respectively, for contracts with the same counterparty under legally enforceable master netting agreements. Such amounts are recorded "net" in "other assets" and "other liabilities" as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

Net gains (losses) with respect to derivative instruments (predominantly reflected in "revenue-other") and the Company's derivative liabilities relating to its obligations pertaining to LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements (included in "compensation and benefits" expense) as reflected on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, were as follows:

	_	Three Mon Septem		_	ıded),		
		2020	 2019		2020		2019
Forward foreign currency exchange rate contracts	\$	(3,039)	\$ 3,969	\$	(4,816)	\$	5,065
LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements		(11,261)	(1,764)		(15,427)		(22,118)
Total return swaps and other		(5,202)	1,324		1,835		(8,309)
Total	\$	(19,502)	\$ 3,529	\$	(18,408)	\$	(25,362)

8. PROPERTY

At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, property consisted of the following:

	Estimated Depreciable Life in Years	Sej	otember 30, 2020	De	cember 31, 2019
Buildings	33	\$	148,303	\$	142,298
Leasehold improvements	3-20		227,937		197,358
Furniture and equipment	3-10		231,884		215,254
Construction in progress			23,693		32,477
Total			631,817		587,387
Less - Accumulated depreciation and amortization			398,336		367,545
Property		\$	233,481	\$	219,842

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)

(UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

9. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The components of goodwill and other intangible assets at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 are presented below:

	Se	ptember 30, 2020	D	ecember 31, 2019
Goodwill	\$	373,195	\$	371,773
Other intangible assets (net of accumulated				
amortization)		646		1,821
	\$	373,841	\$	373,594

At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, goodwill of \$308,654 and \$307,232, respectively, was attributable to the Company's Financial Advisory segment and, at each such respective date, \$64,541 of goodwill was attributable to the Company's Asset Management segment.

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

	Nine Mon Septen					
	2020					
Balance, January 1	\$ 371,773	\$	371,561			
Foreign currency translation adjustments	1,422		(4,669)			
Balance, September 30	\$ 373,195	\$	366,892			

All changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 are attributable to the Company's Financial Advisory segment.

The gross cost and accumulated amortization of other intangible assets as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, by major intangible asset category, are as follows:

	September 30, 2020							December 31, 2019				
	Net Gross Accumulated Carrying Gross Accumulated Cost Amortization Amount Cost Amortization											
Success/incentive fees	\$	35,271	\$	34,896	\$	375	\$	35,338	\$	33,840	\$	1,498
Management fees, customer relationships and												
non-compete agreements		34,965		34,694		271		34,788		34,465		323
	\$	70,236	\$	69,590	\$	646	\$	70,126	\$	68,305	\$	1,821

Amortization expense of intangible assets, included in "amortization and other acquisition-related costs" in the condensed consolidated statements of operations, for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 was \$458 and \$1,359, respectively, and for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019 was \$1,095 and \$1,957, respectively. Estimated future amortization expense is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	rtization (pense
2020 (October 1 through December 31)	\$ 436
2021	60
2022	60
2023	60
2024	30
Total amortization expense	\$ 646

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

10. SENIOR DEBT

Senior debt is comprised of the following as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

				Outstanding as of									
	Initial		Annual	S	epter	nber 30, 202	20	I	December 31, 201	9			
	Principal Amount	Maturity Date	Interest Rate(b)	Principal		amortized ebt Costs	Carrying Value	Principal	Unamortized Debt Costs	Carrying Value			
Lazard Group 2025													
Senior Notes	\$400,000	2/13/25	3.75%	\$ 400,000	\$	2,062	\$ 397,938	\$ 400,000	\$ 2,416	\$ 397,584			
Lazard Group 2027													
Senior Notes	300,000	3/1/27	3.625%	300,000		2,526	297,474	300,000	2,822	297,178			
Lazard Group 2028													
Senior Notes	500,000	9/19/28	4.50%	500,000		7,142	492,858	500,000	7,814	492,186			
Lazard Group 2029													
Senior Notes (a)	500,000	3/11/29	4.375%	500,000		6,783	493,217	500,000	7,386	492,614			
Total				\$1,700,000	\$	18,513	\$1,681,487	\$1,700,000	\$ 20,438	\$1,679,562			

(a) During March 2019, Lazard Group completed an offering of \$500,000 aggregate principal amount of 4.375% senior notes due 2029 (the "2029 Notes"). Interest on the 2029 Notes is payable semi-annually on March 11 and September 11 of each year, beginning September 11, 2019. Lazard Group used a portion of the net proceeds of the 2029 Notes to redeem or otherwise retire \$250,000 aggregate principal amount of the 4.25% senior notes due 2020 (the "2020 Notes"). In March 2019, \$167,943 aggregate principal amount was redeemed or otherwise retired, and the remaining \$82,057 was redeemed or otherwise retired in April 2019.

(b) The effective interest rates of Lazard Group's 3.75% senior notes due February 13, 2025 (the "2025 Notes"), Lazard Group's 3.625% senior notes due March 1, 2027 (the "2027 Notes"), Lazard Group's 4.50% senior notes due September 19, 2028 (the "2028 Notes"), and the 2029 Notes are 3.87%, 3.76%, 4.68% and 4.54%, respectively.

The Company's senior debt at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 is carried at historical amounts of \$1,681,487 and \$1,679,562, respectively. At those dates, the fair value of such senior debt was approximately \$1,917,000 and \$1,839,000, respectively. The fair value of the Company's senior debt is based on market quotations. The Company's senior debt would be categorized within Level 2 of the hierarchy of fair value measurements if carried at fair value.

On July 22, 2020, Lazard Group entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement for a three-year, \$200,000 senior revolving credit facility with a group of lenders, which expires in July 2023 (the "Amended and Restated Credit Agreement"). The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement amended and restated Lazard Group's amended and restated credit agreement, dated September 25, 2015 (the "Previous Credit Agreement"), in its entirety. Borrowings under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement generally will bear interest at LIBOR plus an applicable margin for specific interest periods determined based on Lazard Group's highest credit rating from an internationally recognized credit agency. The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement contains certain covenants, events of default and other customary provisions, including customary LIBOR-replacement mechanics. At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, no amounts were outstanding under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, respectively.

As of September 30, 2020, the Company had approximately \$219,000 in unused lines of credit available to it, including the credit facility provided under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement and unused lines of credit available to LFB of approximately \$18,000.

The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement and the indenture and the supplemental indentures relating to Lazard Group's senior notes contain certain covenants, events of default and other customary provisions, including a customary make-whole provision in the event of early redemption, where applicable. As of September 30, 2020, the Company was in compliance with such provisions. All of the Company's senior debt obligations are unsecured.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Other Commitments—The Company has various other contractual commitments arising in the ordinary course of business. In addition, from time to time, LFB and LFNY may enter into underwriting commitments in which it will participate as an underwriter. At September 30, 2020, LFB and LFNY had no such underwriting commitments.

See Notes 6 and 14 for information regarding commitments relating to investment capital funding commitments and obligations to fund our pension plans, respectively.

In the opinion of management, the fulfillment of the commitments described herein will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's condensed consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Legal—The Company is involved from time to time in judicial, regulatory and arbitration proceedings and inquiries concerning matters arising in connection with the conduct of our businesses, including proceedings initiated by former employees alleging wrongful termination. The Company reviews such matters on a case-by-case basis and establishes any required accrual if a loss is probable and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated. The Company experiences significant variation in its revenue and earnings on a quarterly basis. Accordingly, the results of any pending matter or matters could be significant when compared to the Company's earnings in any particular fiscal quarter. The Company believes, however, based on currently available information, that the results of any pending matters, in the aggregate, will not have a material effect on its business or financial condition.

12. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Share Repurchase Program— Since 2018 and through the nine month period ended September 30, 2020, the Board of Directors of Lazard authorized the repurchase of Lazard Ltd Class A common stock, the only class of common stock of Lazard outstanding ("common stock"), as set forth in the table below:

Date	Repurchase Authorization Expiration				
April 2018	\$ 300,000	December 31, 2020			
October 2018	\$ 300,000	December 31, 2020			
February 2019	\$ 300,000	December 31, 2020			
October 2019	\$ 300,000	December 31, 2021			

The Company expects that the share repurchase program will continue to be used to offset a portion of the shares that have been or will be issued under the Lazard Ltd 2008 Incentive Compensation Plan (the "2008 Plan") and the Lazard Ltd 2018 Incentive Compensation Plan (the "2018 Plan"). Pursuant to the share repurchase program, purchases have been made in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions. The rate at which the Company purchases shares in connection with the share repurchase program may vary from period to period due to a variety of factors. Purchases with respect to such program are set forth in the table below:

Nine Months Ended September 30:	Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Per Share
2019	11,946,943	\$ 36.01
2020	2,912,035	\$ 32.70

During the nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, certain of our executive officers received common stock in connection with the vesting or settlement of previously-granted deferred equity incentive awards. The vesting or settlement of such equity awards gave rise to a tax payable by the executive officers, and, consistent with our past practice, the Company purchased shares of common stock from certain of our executive officers equal in value to all or a portion of the estimated amount of such tax. In addition, during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020, the Company purchased shares of common stock from certain of our executive officers. The aggregate value of all such purchases during the nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 was approximately \$10,000 and \$14,600, respectively. Such shares of common stock are reported at cost.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

As of September 30, 2020, a total of \$305,598 of share repurchase authorization remained available under the Company's share repurchase program, \$5,598 of which will expire on December 31, 2020 and \$300,000 of which will expire on December 31, 2021.

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2020, the Company had in place trading plans under Rule 10b5-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), pursuant to which it effected stock repurchases in the open market.

Preferred Stock—Lazard Ltd has 15,000,000 authorized shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, inclusive of its Series A and Series B preferred stock. Series A and Series B preferred shares were issued in connection with certain prior year business acquisitions and were each non-participating securities convertible into common stock, and had no voting or dividend rights. As of both September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, no shares of Series A or Series B preferred stock were outstanding.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax—The tables below reflect the balances of each component of AOCI at September 30, 2020 and 2019 and activity during the three month and nine month periods then ended:

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2020							
	Currency Employee Translation Benefit Adjustments Plans				Attributable to Noncontrolling]	Total Lazard Ltd AOCI		
Balance, July 1, 2020	\$	(148,948)	\$	(159,975)	\$	(308,923)	\$ (2)	\$	(308,921)
Activity:									
Other comprehensive income (loss) before									
reclassifications		34,326		(6,534)		27,792	1		27,791
Adjustments for items reclassified to earnings,									
net of tax		-		1,345		1,345	-		1,345
Net other comprehensive income (loss)		34,326		(5,189)		29,137	1		29,136
Balance, September 30, 2020	\$	(114,622)	\$	(165,164)	\$	(279,786)	<u>\$ (1</u>)	\$	(279,785)

		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020								
	Currency Translation Adjustments		Employee Benefit Plans		Total AOCI	Amount Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	1	Total Lazard Ltd AOCI		
Balance, January 1, 2020	\$ (120,58	6) \$	(173,064)	\$	(293,650)	\$ (2)	\$	(293,648)		
Activity:							_			
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	5,96	4	3,045		9,009	1		9,008		
Adjustments for items reclassified to earnings, net of tax		-	4,855		4,855	-		4,855		
Net other comprehensive income	5,96	4	7,900		13,864	1		13,863		
Balance, September 30, 2020	\$ (114,62	2) \$	(165,164)	\$	(279,786)	\$ (1)	\$	(279,785)		
	27									

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2019								
	Currency Employee Translation Benefit Adjustments Plans		Total AOCI	Amount Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	1	Total Lazard Ltd AOCI			
Balance, July 1, 2019	\$	(133,410)	\$	(138,577)	\$	(271,987)	\$ (3)	\$	(271,984)
Activity:									
Other comprehensive income (loss) before									
reclassifications		(26,760)		9,050		(17,710)	1		(17,711)
Adjustments for items reclassified to earnings,									
net of tax		-		1,074		1,074	-		1,074
Net other comprehensive income (loss)		(26,760)		10,124		(16,636)	1		(16,637)
Balance, September 30, 2019	\$	(160,170)	\$	(128,453)	\$	(288,623)	\$ (2)	\$	(288,621)

		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019								
	Т	Currency Translation djustments		Employee Benefit Plans		Total AOCI	No	Amount tributable to ncontrolling Interests	I	Total azard Ltd AOCI
Balance, January 1, 2019	\$	(130,137)	\$	(143,683)	\$	(273,820)	\$	(2)	\$	(273,818)
Activity:										
Other comprehensive income (loss) before										
reclassifications		(30,033)		11,911		(18,122)		-		(18,122)
Adjustments for items reclassified to earnings,										
net of tax		-		3,319		3,319		-		3,319
Net other comprehensive income (loss)		(30,033)		15,230		(14,803)		-		(14,803)
Balance, September 30, 2019	\$	(160,170)	\$	(128,453)	\$	(288,623)	\$	(2)	\$	(288,621)

The table below reflects adjustments for items reclassified out of AOCI, by component, for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,					
		2020		2019	2020		2019			
Amortization relating to employee benefit plans (a)	\$	1,757	\$	1,246	\$ 5,943	\$	3,843			
Less - related income taxes		412		172	1,088		524			
Total reclassifications, net of tax	\$	1,345	\$	1,074	\$ 4,855	\$	3,319			

(a) Included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost (see Note 14). Such amounts are included in "operating expenses—other" on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Noncontrolling Interests—Noncontrolling interests principally represent (i) interests held in Edgewater's management vehicles that the Company is deemed to control, but does not own, (ii) profits interest participation rights (see Note 13) and (iii) consolidated VIE interests held by employees (see Note 21).

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

The tables below summarize net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 and noncontrolling interests as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements:

	Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests							
	 Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	 2020		2019		2020		2019	
Edgewater	\$ 168	\$	1,302	\$	(4,179)	\$	8,237	
Consolidated VIEs	1,253		189		(474)		423	
Other	2		1		3		2	
Total	\$ 1,423	\$	1,492	\$	(4,650)	\$	8,662	

		Noncontrolling Interests as of					
	September 30, 2020			December 31, 2019			
Edgewater	\$	44,119	\$	50,151			
Profits interest participation rights		2,593		3,177			
Consolidated VIEs		38,158		18,241			
Other		15		14			
Total	\$	84,885	\$	71,583			

Dividends Declared, October 28, 2020—On October 28, 2020, the Board of Directors of Lazard declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.47 per share on our common stock. The dividend is payable on November 20, 2020, to stockholders of record on November 9, 2020.

13. INCENTIVE PLANS

Share-Based Incentive Plan Awards

A description of Lazard Ltd's 2018 Plan, 2008 Plan and 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2005 Plan") and activity with respect thereto during the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 is presented below.

Shares Available Under the 2018 Plan, 2008 Plan and 2005 Plan

The 2018 Plan became effective on April 24, 2018 and replaced the 2008 Plan, which was terminated on April 24, 2018. The 2018 Plan authorizes the issuance of up to 30,000,000 shares of common stock pursuant to the grant or exercise of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), performance-based restricted stock units ("PRSUs"), profits interest participation rights, including performance-based restricted participation units ("PRPUs"), and other share-based awards.

The 2008 Plan authorized the issuance of shares of common stock pursuant to the grant or exercise of stock options, stock appreciation rights, RSUs, PRSUs and other share-based awards. Under the 2008 Plan, the maximum number of shares available was based on a formula that limited the aggregate number of shares that could, at any time, be subject to awards that were considered "outstanding" under the 2008 Plan to 30% of the thenoutstanding shares of common stock. The 2008 Plan was terminated on April 24, 2018, and no additional awards have been or will be granted under the 2008 Plan after its termination, although outstanding awards granted under the 2008 Plan before its termination continue to be subject to its terms.

The 2005 Plan authorized the issuance of up to 25,000,000 shares of common stock pursuant to the grant or exercise of stock options, stock appreciation rights, RSUs and other share-based awards. The 2005 Plan expired in the second quarter of 2015, although outstanding deferred stock unit ("DSU") awards granted under the 2005 Plan before its expiration continue to be subject to its terms.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

The following reflects the amortization expense recorded with respect to share-based incentive plans within "compensation and benefits" expense (with respect to RSUs, PRSUs, profits interest participation rights, including PRPUs, and other share-based awards) and "professional services" expense (with respect to DSUs) within the Company's accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

	 Three Mo Septen	 	 	nths Ended nber 30,		
	2020	2019	2020		2019	
Share-based incentive awards:						
RSUs	\$ 29,295	\$ 37,206	\$ 112,435	\$	140,597	
PRSUs	636	14,291	5,627		16,540	
Restricted Stock	5,423	7,274	22,969		24,871	
Profits interest participation rights	4,121	6,224	37,172		42,105	
DSUs	196	194	2,173		2,159	
Total	\$ 39,671	\$ 65,189	\$ 180,376	\$	226,272	

The ultimate amount of compensation and benefits expense relating to share-based awards is dependent upon the actual number of shares of common stock that vest. The Company periodically assesses the forfeiture rates used for such estimates, including as a result of any applicable performance conditions. A change in estimated forfeiture rates or performance results in a cumulative adjustment to compensation and benefits expense and also would cause the aggregate amount of compensation expense recognized in future periods to differ from the estimated unrecognized compensation expense described below.

The Company's share-based incentive plans and awards are described below.

RSUs and DSUs

RSUs generally require future service as a condition for the delivery of the underlying shares of common stock (unless the recipient is then eligible for retirement under the Company's retirement policy) and convert into shares of common stock on a one-for-one basis after the stipulated vesting periods. The grant date fair value of the RSUs, net of an estimated forfeiture rate, is amortized over the vesting periods or requisite service periods (generally, one-third after two years and the remaining two-thirds after the third year) and is adjusted for actual forfeitures over such period.

RSUs generally include a dividend participation right that provides that, during the applicable vesting period, each RSU is attributed additional RSUs equivalent to any dividends paid on common stock during such period. During the nine month period ended September 30, 2020, dividend participation rights required the issuance of 489,971 RSUs and the associated charge to "retained earnings", net of estimated forfeitures (with corresponding credits to "additional paid-in-capital") was \$14,918.

Non-executive members of the Board of Directors ("Non-Executive Directors") receive approximately 55% of their annual compensation for service on the Board of Directors and its committees in the form of DSUs, which resulted in 60,022 DSUs being granted during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020. Their remaining compensation is payable in cash, which they may elect to receive in the form of additional DSUs under the Directors' Fee Deferral Unit Plan described below. DSUs are convertible into shares of common stock at the time of cessation of service to the Board of Directors. DSUs include a cash dividend participation right equivalent to dividends paid on common stock.

Lazard Ltd's Directors' Fee Deferral Unit Plan permits the Non-Executive Directors to elect to receive additional DSUs in lieu of some or all of their cash fees. The number of DSUs granted to a Non-Executive Director pursuant to this election will equal the value of cash fees that the applicable Non-Executive Director has elected to forego pursuant to such election, divided by the market value of a share of common stock on the date immediately preceding the date of the grant. During the nine month period ended September 30, 2020, 17,754 DSUs had been granted pursuant to such Plan.

DSU awards are expensed at their fair value on their date of grant, inclusive of amounts related to the Directors' Fee Deferral Unit Plan.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

The following is a summary of activity relating to RSUs and DSUs during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020:

	RS	RSUs				
	Units	G	Weighted Average Frant Date Fair Value	Units	G	Veighted Average rant Date air Value
Balance, January 1, 2020	10,387,566	\$	44.66	395,973	\$	38.01
Granted (including 489,971 RSUs relating to dividend						
participation)	3,332,581	\$	42.63	77,776	\$	27.94
Forfeited	(70,964)	\$	41.50	-		-
Settled	(4,469,676)	\$	46.66	-		-
Balance, September 30, 2020	9,179,507	\$	42.98	473,749	\$	36.35

In connection with RSUs that settled during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020, the Company satisfied its minimum statutory tax withholding requirements in lieu of delivering 1,623,353 shares of common stock during such nine month period. Accordingly, 2,846,323 shares of common stock held by the Company were delivered during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020.

As of September 30, 2020, estimated unrecognized RSU compensation expense was \$129,255, with such expense expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 0.8 years subsequent to September 30, 2020.

Restricted Stock

The following is a summary of activity related to shares of restricted common stock associated with compensation arrangements during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020:

	Restricted Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Balance, January 1, 2020	1,039,306	\$ 41.79
Granted (including 28,948 relating to dividend participation)	690,800	\$ 42.09
Forfeited	(17,371)	\$ 39.37
Settled	(513,792)	\$ 43.52
Balance, September 30, 2020	1,198,943	\$ 41.25

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

In connection with shares of restricted common stock that settled during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020, the Company satisfied its minimum statutory tax withholding requirements in lieu of delivering 175,332 shares of common stock during such nine month period. Accordingly, 338,460 shares of common stock held by the Company were delivered during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020.

Restricted stock awards granted in 2020 generally include a dividend participation right that provides that during the applicable vesting period each restricted stock award is attributed additional shares of restricted common stock equivalent to any dividends paid on common stock during such period. During the nine month period ended September 30, 2020, dividend participation rights required the issuance of 28,948 shares of restricted common stock and the associated charge to "retained earnings", net of estimated forfeitures (with corresponding credits to "additional paid-in-capital") was \$872. With respect to awards granted prior to 2020, the restricted stock awards include a cash dividend participation right equivalent to dividends paid on common stock during the period, which will vest concurrently with the underlying restricted stock award. At September 30, 2020, estimated unrecognized restricted stock expense was \$22,358, with such expense to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 0.8 years subsequent to September 30, 2020.

PRSUs

PRSUs are RSUs that are subject to both performance-based and service-based vesting conditions. The number of shares of common stock that a recipient will receive upon vesting of a PRSU will be calculated by reference to certain performance metrics that relate to Lazard Ltd's performance over a three-year period. The target number of shares of common stock subject to each PRSU is one; however, based on the achievement of the performance criteria, the number of shares of common stock that may be received in connection with each PRSU generally can range from zero to two times the target number. PRSUs will vest on a single date approximately three years following the date of the grant, provided the applicable service and performance conditions are satisfied. In addition, the performance metrics applicable to each PRSU will be evaluated on an annual basis at the end of each fiscal year during the performance period and, if Lazard Ltd has achieved a threshold level of performance with respect to the fiscal year, 25% of the target number of shares of common stock subject to each PRSUs (or, following the relevant performance period, the actual number of shares of common stock that are no longer subject to performance conditions) receive dividend equivalents at the same rate that dividends are paid on common stock during such periods. These dividend equivalents are credited as RSUs that are not subject to the same restrictions as the underlying PRSUs to which they relate.

The following is a summary of activity relating to PRSUs during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020:

	PRSUs	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	
Balance, January 1, 2020	797,705	\$	47.65
Settled	(550,650)	\$	43.54
Balance, September 30, 2020	247,055	\$	56.80

In connection with certain PRSUs that settled during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020, the Company satisfied its minimum statutory tax withholding requirements in lieu of delivering 91,314 shares of common stock during such nine month period. Accordingly, 459,336 shares of common stock held by the Company were delivered during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020.

Compensation expense recognized for PRSU awards is determined by multiplying the number of shares of common stock underlying such awards that, based on the Company's estimate, are considered probable of vesting, by the grant date fair value. As of September 30, 2020, the total estimated unrecognized compensation expense was \$1,052, and the Company expects to amortize such expense over a weighted-average period of approximately 0.2 years subsequent to September 30, 2020.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Profits Interest Participation Rights

In early 2019, the Company established a new long-term incentive compensation program consisting of profits interest participation rights, which are equity incentive awards that, subject to certain conditions, may be exchanged for shares of common stock pursuant to the 2018 Plan. Pursuant to the program, in February 2019 and February 2020, the Company granted profits interest participation rights subject to service-based and performance-based vesting criteria and other conditions, which we refer to as performance-based restricted participation units ("PRPUs"), to each of the Company's NEOs, and profits interest participation rights subject to service-based vesting criteria and other conditions to a limited number of other senior employees, pursuant to profits interest participation right agreements. Profits interest participation rights generally provide for vesting approximately three years following the grant date, so long as applicable conditions have been satisfied.

Profits interest participation rights are a class of membership interests in Lazard Group that are intended to qualify as "profits interests" for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and are recorded as noncontrolling interests within stockholders' equity in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of financial condition until they are exchanged into common stock, at which time there is a reclassification to additional paid-in-capital. The profits interest participation rights generally allow the recipient to realize value only to the extent that both (i) the service-based vesting conditions and, if applicable, the performance conditions, are satisfied, and (ii) an amount of economic appreciation in the assets of Lazard Group occurs as necessary to satisfy certain partnership tax rules (referred to as the "Minimum Value Condition") before the fifth anniversary of the grant date, otherwise the profits interest participation rights will be forfeited. Upon satisfaction of such conditions, profits interest participation rights that are in parity with the value of common stock will be exchanged on a one-for-one basis for shares of common stock. If forfeited based solely on failing to meet the Minimum Value Condition, the associated compensation expense would not be reversed. With regard to the profits interest participation rights granted in February 2019, the Minimum Value Condition was met during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020.

Like outstanding RSUs and similar awards, profits interest participation rights are subject to continued employment and other conditions and restrictions and are forfeited if those conditions and restrictions are not fulfilled. More specifically, vesting of profits interest participation rights are subject to compliance with restrictive covenants including non-compete, non-solicitation of clients, no hire of employees and confidentiality, which are similar to those applicable to PRSUs and RSUs. In addition, profits interest participation rights must satisfy the Minimum Value Condition. PRPUs, like outstanding PRSUs, are subject to the achievement of incremental pre-established performance conditions and financial metrics and only result in value to the recipient to the extent the conditions are satisfied.

The number of shares of common stock that a recipient will receive upon the exchange of a PRPU award is calculated by reference to applicable financial metrics. The target number of shares of common stock subject to each PRPU is one. Based on the achievement of performance criteria, as determined by the Compensation Committee, the number of shares of common stock that may be received in connection with each PRPU award will range from zero to two times the target number. Unless applicable performance conditions are satisfied during the three year performance period, and the Minimum Value Condition is satisfied within five years following the grant date, all PRPUs will be forfeited, and the recipients will not be entitled to any such awards.

In addition, the performance metrics applicable to each PRPU will be evaluated on an annual basis at the end of each fiscal year during the performance period, and, if Lazard Ltd has achieved a threshold level of performance with respect to the fiscal year, 25% of the target number of PRPUs will no longer be at risk of forfeiture based on the achievement of performance criteria. Profits interest participation rights are allocated income, subject to vesting and settled in cash, in respect of dividends paid on common stock.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

The following is a summary of activity relating to profits interest participation rights, including PRPUs, during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020:

	Profits Interest Participation Rights	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	
Balance, January 1, 2020	1,462,702	\$	38.65
Granted	1,060,373	\$	42.89
Balance, September 30, 2020 (a)	2,523,075	\$	40.43

(a) Table includes 1,050,778 PRPUs, which represents the target number of PRPUs granted as of September 30, 2020, including 486,611 PRPUs granted during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020. The weighted average grant date fair values for PRPUs and other profits interest participation rights outstanding as of January 1, 2020 and those granted during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020 were, in each case, the same for PRPUs and other profits interest participation rights. The weighted average grant date fair values for PRPUs and other profits interest participation rights. The weighted average grant date fair values for PRPUs and other profits interest participation rights. The weighted average grant date fair values for PRPUs and other profits interest participation rights outstanding as of September 30, 2020 were \$40.61 and \$40.30, respectively.

Compensation expense recognized for profits interest participation rights, including PRPUs, is determined by multiplying the number of shares of common stock underlying such awards that, based on the Company's estimate, are considered probable of vesting, by the grant date fair value. As of September 30, 2020, the total estimated unrecognized compensation expense was \$25,754, and the Company expects to amortize such expense over a weighted-average period of approximately 1.0 years subsequent to September 30, 2020.

LFI and Other Similar Deferred Compensation Arrangements

Commencing in February 2011, the Company granted LFI to eligible employees. In connection with LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements, which generally require future service as a condition for vesting, the Company recorded a prepaid compensation asset and a corresponding compensation liability on the grant date based upon the fair value of the award. The prepaid asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the applicable vesting periods or requisite service periods (which are generally similar to the comparable periods for RSUs) and is charged to "compensation and benefits" expense within the Company's condensed consolidated statement of operations. LFI and similar deferred compensation arrangements that do not require future service are expensed immediately. The related compensation liability is accounted for at fair value as a derivative liability, which contemplates the impact of estimated forfeitures, and is adjusted for changes in fair value primarily related to changes in value of the underlying investments.

The following is a summary of activity relating to LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020:

	Prepaid Compensation Asset		Compensation Liability	
Balance, January 1, 2020	\$ 74,597	\$	226,026	
Granted	143,289		143,289	
Settled	-		(102,946)	
Forfeited	(1,367)		(4,485)	
Amortization	(91,314)		-	
Change in fair value related to:				
Increase in fair value of underlying				
investments	-		15,427	
Adjustment for estimated forfeitures	-		7,126	
Other	100		1,147	
Balance, September 30, 2020	\$ 125,305	\$	285,584	



NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

The amortization of the prepaid compensation asset will generally be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.0 years subsequent to September 30, 2020.

The following is a summary of the impact of LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements on "compensation and benefits" expense within the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Three Mo Septen		Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	 2020 2019			 2020		2019	
Amortization, net of forfeitures	\$ 25,897	\$	23,325	\$ 95,322	\$	85,469	
Change in the fair value of underlying investments	11,261		1,764	15,427		22,118	
Total	\$ 37,158	\$	25,089	\$ 110,749	\$	107,587	

14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company provides retirement and other post-retirement benefits to certain of its employees through defined benefit pension plans (the "pension plans"). The Company also offers defined contribution plans to its employees. The pension plans generally provide benefits to participants based on average levels of compensation. Expenses related to the Company's employee benefit plans are included in "compensation and benefits" expense for the service cost component, and "operating expenses—other" for the other components of benefit costs on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Employer Contributions to Pension Plans—The Company's funding policy for its U.S. and non-U.S. pension plans is to fund when required or when applicable upon an agreement with the plans' trustees. Management also evaluates from time to time whether to make voluntary contributions to the plans.

The following table summarizes the components of net periodic benefit cost (credit) related to the Company's pension plans for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

		Pension Plans					
	T	Three Months Ended September 30,					
	2	020	2019				
Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost (Credit):							
Service cost	\$	224	\$	223			
Interest cost		3,013		3,716			
Expected return on plan assets		(6,750)		(6,697)			
Amortization of:							
Prior service cost		28		26			
Net actuarial loss (gain)		1,729		1,220			
Settlement loss		622		2,280			
Vet periodic benefit cost (credit)	\$	(1,134)	\$	768			

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

	 Pension Plans					
	 Nine Months End	ed Septe	/			
	 2020		2019			
Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost (Credit):						
Service cost	\$ 594	\$	635			
Interest cost	8,906		11,476			
Expected return on plan assets	(19,813)		(20,596)			
Amortization of:						
Prior service cost	82		82			
Net actuarial loss (gain)	5,861		3,761			
Settlement loss	2,132		5,802			
Net periodic benefit cost (credit)	\$ (2,238)	\$	1,160			

15. BUSINESS REALIGNMENT

The Company conducted a review of its business, which resulted in a realignment that included employee reductions and the closing of subscale offices and investment strategies, most of which were completed during the third quarter of 2019.

Expenses associated with the business realignment for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Financ	Financial Advisory Asset Management			Co	orporate	Total
Compensation and benefits	\$	35,658	\$	13,144	\$	317	\$ 49,119
Other		-		1,335		1,000	2,335
Total	\$	35,658	\$	14,479	\$	1,317	\$ 51,454

Activity related to the obligations pursuant to the business realignment during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

Comp	ensation and		Other Liabilities		Total
\$	20,210	\$	5,068	\$	25,278
	(18,304)		(5,068)		(23,372)
\$	1,906	\$	-	\$	1,906
	Comp	Compensation and Benefits \$ 20,210 (18,304)	Compensation and Benefits \$ 20,210 \$ (18,304)	Compensation and BenefitsOther Liabilities\$ 20,210\$ 5,068(18,304)(5,068)	Benefits Liabilities \$ 20,210 \$ 5,068 \$ (18,304) (5,068) \$

16. INCOME TAXES

Lazard Ltd, through its subsidiaries, is subject to U.S. federal income taxes on all of its U.S. operating income, as well as on the portion of non-U.S. income attributable to its U.S. subsidiaries. In addition, Lazard Ltd, through its subsidiaries, is subject to state and local taxes on its income apportioned to various state and local jurisdictions. Outside the U.S., Lazard Group operates principally through subsidiary corporations that are subject to local income taxes in foreign jurisdictions. Lazard Group is also subject to Unincorporated Business Tax ("UBT") attributable to its operations apportioned to New York City.

The Company recorded income tax provisions of \$28,165 and \$76,720 for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020, respectively, and \$4,177 and \$55,536 for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019, respectively, representing effective tax rates of 26.9%, 27.0%, 8.0% and 20.3%, respectively. The difference between the U.S. federal statutory rate of 21.0% and the effective tax rates reflected above principally relates to (i) the tax impact of differences in the value of share based incentive compensation and other discrete items, (ii) foreign source income (loss) not subject to U.S. income taxes (including interest on intercompany financings), (iii) taxes payable to foreign jurisdictions that are not offset against U.S. income taxes, (iv) change in the U.S. federal valuation allowance affecting the provision for income taxes, (v) U.S. state and local taxes,



NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

which are incremental to the U.S. federal statutory tax rate, and (vi) impact of U.S. tax reform, including base erosion and anti-abuse tax.

17. NET INCOME PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK

The Company issued certain profits interest participation rights, including certain PRPUs, that the Company is required under U.S. GAAP to treat as participating securities and therefore the Company is required to utilize the "two-class" method of computing basic and diluted net income per share.

The Company's basic and diluted net income per share calculations using the "two-class" method for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 are presented below:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2020		2019		2020		2019	
Net income attributable to Lazard Ltd	\$	75,092	\$	46,704	\$	212,572	\$	209,523	
Add - adjustment for earnings attributable to participating securities		(1,505)		(625)		(3,867)		(2,229)	
Net income attributable to Lazard Ltd - basic		73,587		46,079		208,705		207,294	
Add - adjustment for earnings attributable to participating securities		1,203		-		3,386		5	
Net income attributable to Lazard Ltd - diluted	\$	74,790	\$	46,079	\$	212,091	\$	207,299	
Weighted average number of shares of Class A common stock outstanding	10)4,989,881		106,730,627		104,728,241		109,474,950	
Add - adjustment for shares of common stock issuable on a non-contingent basis		2,178,734		2,555,100		1,983,306		1,595,445	
Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding - basic	10)7,168,615		109,285,727		106,711,547		111,070,395	
Add - dilutive effect, as applicable, of: Weighted average number of incremental shares of common stock issuable from share-based incentive compensation		6,012,949		4,595,963		6,218,283		5,888,646	
Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding - diluted		3,181,564		113,881,690		112,929,830		116,959,041	
Net income attributable to Lazard Ltd per share of common stock:			_		_				
Basic	\$	0.69	\$	0.42	\$	1.96	\$	1.87	
Diluted	\$	0.66	\$	0.40	\$	1.88	\$	1.77	



NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

18. RELATED PARTIES

Sponsored Funds

The Company serves as an investment advisor for certain affiliated investment companies and fund entities and receives management fees and, for the alternative investment funds, performance-based incentive fees for providing such services. Investment advisory fees relating to such services were \$131,885 and \$386,413 for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020, respectively, and \$141,365 and \$438,733 for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020, respectively, and \$141,365 and \$438,733 for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019, respectively, and are included in "asset management fees" on the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Of such amounts, \$40,402 and \$54,561 remained as receivables at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, and are included in "fees receivable" on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition.

Tax Receivable Agreement

The Second Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement, dated as of October 26, 2015 (the "Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement"), between Lazard and LTBP Trust, a Delaware statutory trust (the "Trust"), provides for the payment by our subsidiaries to the Trust of (i) approximately 45% of the amount of cash savings, if any, in U.S. federal, state and local income tax or franchise tax that we actually realize as a result of certain increases in tax basis and of certain other tax benefits related to the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement, and (ii) an amount that we currently expect will approximate 85% of the cash tax savings that may arise from tax benefits attributable to payments under the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement. Our subsidiaries expect to benefit from the balance of cash savings, if any, in income tax that our subsidiaries realize. Any amount paid by our subsidiaries to the Trust will generally be distributed to the owners of the Trust, who include certain of our executive officers, in proportion to their beneficial interests in the Trust.

For purposes of the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement, cash savings in income and franchise tax will be computed by comparing our subsidiaries' actual income and franchise tax liability to the amount of such taxes that our subsidiaries would have been required to pay had there been no increase in the tax basis of certain tangible and intangible assets of Lazard Group attributable to our subsidiaries' interest in Lazard Group and had our subsidiaries not entered into the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement. The term of the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement will continue until approximately 2033 or, if earlier, until all relevant tax benefits have been utilized or expired.

The amount of the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement liability is an undiscounted amount based upon currently enacted tax laws, including the Tax Act, the current structure of the Company and various assumptions regarding potential future operating profitability. The assumptions reflected in the estimate involve significant judgment. For example, if our structure were to change or our annual taxable income were to increase, we could be required to accelerate payments under the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement. As such, the actual amount and timing of payments under the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement. Any changes in the amount of the estimated liability would be recorded as a non-compensation expense in the condensed consolidated statement of operations. Adjustments, if necessary, to the related deferred tax assets would be recorded through the "provision (benefit) for income taxes".

The cumulative liability relating to our obligations under the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 was \$221,890 and \$247,344, respectively, and is recorded in "tax receivable agreement obligation" on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition. The balance at September 30, 2020 reflects a payment made under the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement in the nine months ended September 30, 2020 of \$25,454.

See Note 12 for information regarding related party transactions pertaining to shares repurchased from certain of our executive officers.



NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

19. REGULATORY AUTHORITIES

LFNY is a U.S. registered broker-dealer and is subject to the net capital requirements of Rule 15c3-1 under the Exchange Act. Under the basic method permitted by this rule, the minimum required net capital, as defined, is a specified fixed percentage (6 2/3%) of total aggregate indebtedness recorded in LFNY's Financial and Operational Combined Uniform Single ("FOCUS") report filed with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), or \$5, whichever is greater. In addition, the ratio of aggregate indebtedness (as defined) to net capital may not exceed 15:1. At September 30, 2020, LFNY's regulatory net capital was \$170,634, which exceeded the minimum requirement by \$166,999. LFNY's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was 0.32:1 as of September 30, 2020.

Certain U.K. subsidiaries of the Company, including LCL, Lazard Fund Managers Limited and Lazard Asset Management Limited (collectively, the "U.K. Subsidiaries") are regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. At September 30, 2020, the aggregate regulatory net capital of the U.K. Subsidiaries was \$163,187, which exceeded the minimum requirement by \$140,741.

CFLF, under which asset management and commercial banking activities are carried out in France, is subject to regulation by the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution ("ACPR") for its banking activities conducted through its subsidiary, LFB. LFB, as a registered bank, is engaged primarily in commercial and private banking services for clients and funds managed by LFG (asset management) and other clients, and asset-liability management. The investment services activities of the Paris group, exercised through LFB and other subsidiaries of CFLF, primarily LFG, also are subject to regulation and supervision by the Autorité des Marchés Financiers. At September 30, 2020, the consolidated regulatory net capital of CFLF was \$141,052, which exceeded the minimum requirement set for regulatory capital levels by \$80,801. In addition, pursuant to the consolidated supervision rules in the European Union, LFB, in particular, as a French credit institution, is required to be supervised by a regulatory body, either in the U.S. or in the European Union. During the third quarter of 2013, the Company and the ACPR agreed on terms for the consolidated supervision of LFB and certain other non-Financial Advisory European subsidiaries of the Company (referred to herein, on a combined basis, as the "combined European regulated group") under such rules. Under this supervision, the combined European regulated group is required to comply with minimum requirements for regulatory net capital of the combined European regulated group was \$168,490, which exceeded the minimum requirement set for regulatory entities, is required to perform an annual risk assessment and provide certain other information on a periodic basis, including financial reports and information relating to financial performance, balance sheet data and capital structure.

Certain other U.S. and non-U.S. subsidiaries are subject to various capital adequacy requirements promulgated by various regulatory and exchange authorities in the countries in which they operate. At September 30, 2020, for those subsidiaries with regulatory capital requirements, their aggregate net capital was \$154,340, which exceeded the minimum required capital by \$126,722.

At September 30, 2020, each of these subsidiaries individually was in compliance with its regulatory capital requirements.

Any new or expanded rules and regulations that may be adopted in countries in which we operate (including regulations that have not yet been proposed) could affect us in other ways.

20. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's reportable segments offer different products and services and are managed separately as different levels and types of expertise are required to effectively manage the segments' transactions. Each segment is reviewed to determine the allocation of resources and to assess its performance. The Company's principal operating activities are included in its Financial Advisory and Asset Management business segments as described in Note 1. In addition, as described in Note 1, the Company records selected other activities in its Corporate segment.

The Company's segment information for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 is prepared using the following methodology:

- Revenue and expenses directly associated with each segment are included in determining operating income.
- Expenses not directly associated with specific segments are allocated based on the most relevant measures applicable, including headcount, square footage and other factors.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

• Segment assets are based on those directly associated with each segment, and include an allocation of certain assets relating to various segments, based on the most relevant measures applicable, including headcount, square footage and other factors.

The Company records other revenue, interest income and interest expense among the various segments based on the segment in which the underlying asset or liability is reported.

Each segment's operating expenses include (i) compensation and benefits expenses incurred directly in support of the businesses and (ii) other operating expenses, which include directly incurred expenses for occupancy and equipment, marketing and business development, technology and information services, professional services, fund administration and outsourced services and indirect support costs (including compensation and other operating expenses related thereto) for administrative services. Such administrative services include, but are not limited to, accounting, tax, human resources, legal, facilities management and senior management activities.

Management evaluates segment results based on net revenue and operating income (loss) and believes that the following information provides a reasonable representation of each segment's contribution with respect to net revenue, operating income (loss) and total assets:

		Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2020	2019			2020		2019		
Financial Advisory	Net Revenue	\$ 305,473	\$	305,982	\$	909,245	\$	973,964		
	Operating Expenses	266,150		307,147		764,012		863,646		
	Operating Income	\$ 39,323	\$	(1,165)	\$	145,233	\$	110,318		
Asset Management	Net Revenue	\$ 277,243	\$	300,015	\$	814,613	\$	917,439		
	Operating Expenses	200,194		225,819		600,012		652,188		
	Operating Income	\$ 77,049	\$	74,196	\$	214,601	\$	265,251		
Corporate	Net Revenue	\$ (5,038)	\$	(14,929)	\$	(35,874)	\$	(25,971)		
	Operating Expenses	6,654		5,729		39,318		75,877		
	Operating Loss	\$ (11,692)	\$	(20,658)	\$	(75,192)	\$	(101,848)		
Total	Net Revenue	\$ 577,678	\$	591,068	\$	1,687,984	\$	1,865,432		
	Operating Expenses	472,998		538,695		1,403,342		1,591,711		
	Operating Income	\$ 104,680	\$	52,373	\$	284,642	\$	273,721		

		As Of				
	Sep	tember 30, 2020	December 31, 2019			
Total Assets						
Financial Advisory	\$	1,089,410	\$	1,144,339		
Asset Management		800,309		821,641		
Corporate		3,577,278		3,673,601		
Total	\$	5,466,997	\$	5,639,581		

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued) (UNAUDITED) (dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)

21. CONSOLIDATED VIEs

The Company's consolidated VIEs as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 include certain funds that were established for the benefit of employees participating in the Company's existing LFI deferred compensation arrangement. Lazard invests in these funds and is the investment manager and is therefore deemed to have both the power to direct the most significant activities of the funds and the right to receive benefits (or the obligation to absorb losses) that could potentially be significant to these funds. The Company's consolidated VIE assets and liabilities as reflected in the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition consist of the following at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

	Sept	ember 30, 2020	Dec	cember 31, 2019
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,848	\$	3,826
Customers and other receivables		1,061		102
Investments (a)		154,454		97,474
Other assets		397		245
Total Assets	\$	159,760	\$	101,647
LIABILITIES				
Deposits and other customer payables	\$	215	\$	62
Other liabilities		985		513
Total Liabilities	\$	1,200	\$	575

(a) Includes \$120,608 and \$83,036 of LFI held by Lazard Group which is eliminated in the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

22. COVID-19

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus ("COVID-19") a pandemic. In response, on March 27, 2020, the President of the United States signed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act into law, and the United States Congress continues to discuss additional stimulus measures. Several governments in jurisdictions that encompass the Company's largest offices and most significant operations implemented strict social distancing measures in the first quarter of 2020, and such governments continue to review and modify such measures. In response, the Company implemented remote work arrangements for most of its employees and restricted business travel in the first quarter of 2020; these arrangements and restrictions have been modified as governments modified applicable social distancing measures. These arrangements have not materially affected our ability to maintain and conduct our business operations, including the operation of financial reporting systems, internal controls over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures. While the COVID-19 pandemic has adversely affected the global economy, the nature and extent of COVID-19's effect on the Company's operational and financial performance will continue to depend on future developments, including the course of the pandemic, the success of governments in relaxing social distancing measures and restarting economic activity, the efficacy of monetary and fiscal measures taken or that may be taken in the future and the potential for structural damage to the economy due to the sharp drop in aggregate demand and, particularly in the U.S., a high level of unemployment, all of which are uncertain and difficult to predict considering the rapidly evolving landscape.



Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with Lazard Ltd's condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Form 10-Q"), as well as Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 (the "Form 10-K"). All references to "2020," "2019," "third quarter;" "first nine months" or "the period" refer to, as the context requires, the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019.

Forward-Looking Statements and Certain Factors that May Affect Our Business

Management has included in Parts I and II of this Form 10-Q, including in its MD&A, statements that are forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify these statements by forward-looking words such as "may," "might," "will," "should," "could," "would," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential," "target," "goal" or "continue," and the negative of these terms and other comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements, which are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us, may include projections of our future financial performance based on our growth strategies, business plans and initiatives and anticipated trends in our business. These statements, including with respect to the current COVID-19 pandemic, are only predictions based on our current expectations and projections about future events. There are important factors that could cause our actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from the results, level of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, those discussed in our Form 10-K under the caption "Risk Factors," including the following:

- a decline in general economic conditions or the global or regional financial markets;
- a decline in our revenues, for example due to a decline in overall mergers and acquisitions ("M&A") activity, our share of the M&A market or our assets under management ("AUM");
- losses caused by financial or other problems experienced by third parties;
- losses due to unidentified or unanticipated risks;
- a lack of liquidity, *i.e.*, ready access to funds, for use in our businesses; and
- competitive pressure on our businesses and on our ability to retain and attract employees at current compensation levels.

These risks and uncertainties are not exhaustive. Other sections of the Form 10-K and this Form 10-Q describe additional factors that could adversely affect our business and financial performance. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks and uncertainties emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for our management to predict all risks and uncertainties, nor can management assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

Although we believe the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, level of activity, performance or achievements. Moreover, neither we nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of any of these forward-looking statements. You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. We are under no duty to update any of these forward-looking statements after the date of this Form 10-Q to conform our prior statements to actual results or revised expectations and we do not intend to do so.

Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about:

- financial goals, including ratios of compensation and benefits expense to operating revenue;
- ability to deploy surplus cash through dividends, share repurchases and debt repurchases;
- ability to offset stockholder dilution through share repurchases;
- possible or assumed future results of operations and operating cash flows;
- strategies and investment policies;
- financing plans and the availability of short-term borrowing;
- competitive position;
- future acquisitions, including the consideration to be paid and the timing of consummation;
- potential growth opportunities available to our businesses;



- · potential impact of investments in our technology infrastructure and data science capabilities;
- recruitment and retention of our managing directors and employees;
- potential levels of compensation expense, including awarded compensation and benefits expense and adjusted compensation and benefits expense, and non-compensation expense;
- potential operating performance, achievements, productivity improvements, efficiency and cost reduction efforts;
- likelihood of success and impact of litigation;
- expected tax rates, including effective tax rates;
- changes in interest and tax rates;
- availability of certain tax benefits, including certain potential deductions;
- potential impact of certain events or circumstances on our financial statements and operations, including the current COVID-19 pandemic;
- changes in foreign currency exchange rates;
- expectations with respect to the economy, the securities markets, the market for mergers, acquisitions, restructuring and other financial advisory activity, the market for asset management activity and other macroeconomic, regional and industry trends;
- · effects of competition on our business; and
- impact of new or future legislation and regulation, including tax laws and regulations, on our business.

The Company is committed to providing timely and accurate information to the investing public, consistent with our legal and regulatory obligations. To that end, the Company uses its website, its twitter account (twitter.com/Lazard) and other social media sites to convey information about our businesses, including the anticipated release of quarterly financial results, quarterly financial, statistical and business-related information, and the posting of updates of AUM in our Asset Management business. Investors can link to Lazard Ltd, Lazard Group and their operating company websites through *http://www.lazard.com*. Our websites and social media sites and the information contained therein or connected thereto shall not be deemed to be incorporated into this Form 10-Q.

Business Summary

Lazard is one of the world's preeminent financial advisory and asset management firms. We have long specialized in crafting solutions to the complex financial and strategic challenges of a diverse set of clients around the world, including corporations, governments, institutions, partnerships and individuals. Founded in 1848 in New Orleans, we currently operate from more than 40 cities and 25 countries across key business and financial centers in North America, Europe, Asia, Australia, and Central and South America.

Our primary business purpose is to serve our clients. Our deep roots in business centers around the world form a global network of relationships with key decision-makers in corporations, governments and investing institutions. This network is both a competitive strength and a powerful resource for Lazard and our clients. As a firm that competes on the quality of our advice, we have two fundamental assets: our people and our reputation.

We operate in cyclical businesses across multiple geographies, industries and asset classes. In recent years, we have expanded our geographic reach, bolstered our industry expertise and continued to build in growth areas. Companies, government bodies and investors seek independent advice with a geographic perspective, deep understanding of capital structure, informed research and knowledge of global, regional and local economic conditions. We believe that our business model as an independent advisor will continue to create opportunities for us to attract new clients and key personnel.



Our principal sources of revenue are derived from activities in the following business segments:

- Financial Advisory, which offers corporate, partnership, institutional, government, sovereign and individual clients across the globe a wide array of financial advisory services regarding M&A, capital advisory, restructurings, shareholder advisory, sovereign advisory, capital raising and other strategic advisory matters, and
- Asset Management, which offers a broad range of global investment solutions and investment management services in equity and fixed income strategies, asset allocation strategies, alternative investments and private equity funds to corporations, public funds, sovereign entities, endowments and foundations, labor funds, financial intermediaries and private clients.

In addition, we record selected other activities in our Corporate segment, including management of cash, investments, deferred tax assets, outstanding indebtedness, certain contingent obligations, and assets and liabilities associated with Lazard Group's Paris-based subsidiary, Lazard Frères Banque SA ("LFB").

Our consolidated net revenue was derived from the following segments:

	Three Months September		Nine Months September		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Financial Advisory	53%	52%	54%	52%	
Asset Management	48	51	48	49	
Corporate	(1)	(3)	(2)	(1)	
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	

We also invest our own capital from time to time, generally alongside capital of qualified institutional and individual investors in alternative investments or private equity investments, and, since 2005, we have engaged in a number of alternative investments and private equity activities, including, historically, investments through (i) Edgewater, our Chicago-based private equity firm and (ii) a fund targeting significant noncontrolling-stake investments in established private companies. We also make investments to seed our Asset Management strategies.

Business Environment and Outlook

Economic and global financial market conditions can materially affect our financial performance. As described above, our principal sources of revenue are derived from activities in our Financial Advisory and Asset Management business segments. As our Financial Advisory revenues are primarily dependent on the successful completion of merger, acquisition, restructuring, capital raising or similar transactions, and our Asset Management revenues are primarily driven by the levels of AUM, weak economic and global financial market conditions can result in a challenging business environment for M&A and capital-raising activity as well as our Asset Management business, but may provide opportunities for our restructuring business.

During the third quarter of 2020, the coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic continued to have a negative impact on economic activity around the world. Governments and central banks have taken extraordinary measures to support local economies and capital markets, but the macroeconomic outlook remains uncertain while significant health risks persist.

Lazard's offices around the world have continued to operate in the context of applicable local regulations and guidelines regarding business activity, and in the third quarter of 2020, the majority of our employees worked remotely, employing virtual and secure cloud-based systems.

While the global M&A market strengthened in the third quarter of 2020, we continue to expect a challenging business environment in the near term due to elevated uncertainty and capital markets volatility.

Our outlook with respect to our Financial Advisory and Asset Management businesses is described below.

• *Financial Advisory*—During this period of financial stress and uncertainty, we are focused on serving clients with our depth of expertise in capital structure, capital raising, debt negotiations and restructuring and exchange offers. Announced M&A transaction volumes are recovering to pre-COVID-19 levels, but we still expect there to be elevated uncertainty in the near term. We are seeing increased activity in our restructuring, capital advisory and sovereign advisory practices, however, the increased activity in these areas may not fully offset the anticipated decline in M&A activity in the near term. The global scale and breadth of our Financial Advisory business allows us to advise on a wide range of strategic and restructuring

transactions across a variety of industries. In addition, we continue to invest in our Financial Advisory business by selectively hiring talented senior professionals and continuing to focus on our M&A, restructuring and other advisory services.

Asset Management—In the short to intermediate term, we normally would expect most investor demand to come through financial institutions, and from defined benefit and defined contribution plans in developed economies because of their sheer scope and size. However, the uncertainties in capital markets arising from the COVID-19 pandemic may negatively impact our business in a manner that we cannot predict. Over the longer term, and depending upon local and global market conditions, we would expect an increasing share of our AUM to come from the developing economies around the globe, as their retirement systems evolve and individual wealth is increasingly deployed in the financial markets. Given our diversified investment platform and our ability to provide investment solutions for a global mix of clients, we believe we are positioned to benefit from opportunities across the asset management industry despite the current challenges that markets have created for that industry. We are continually developing new investment strategies that extend our existing platforms and assessing potential product acquisitions or other inorganic growth opportunities. Among other efforts, we have been particularly focused on continuing to incorporate environmental, social and corporate governance ("ESG") considerations, as appropriate, into our investment research and launching strategies that use ESG factors to drive long-term investment returns. In addition to these new ESG and sustainable strategies, new convertible bond strategies, and a new long/short credit strategy.

We operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks and uncertainties emerge continuously, and it is not possible for our management to predict all risks and uncertainties, nor can we assess the impact of all potentially applicable factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. See Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in this Form 10-Q and our Form 10-K. Furthermore, net income and revenue in any period may not be indicative of full-year results or the results of any other period and may vary significantly from year to year and quarter to quarter.

Overall, we continue to focus on the development of our business, including the generation of stable revenue growth, earnings growth and shareholder returns, the evaluation of potential growth opportunities, the investment in new technology to support the development of existing and new business opportunities, the prudent management of our costs and expenses, the efficient use of our assets and the return of capital to our shareholders.

Certain market data with respect to our Financial Advisory and Asset Management businesses is included below.

Financial Advisory

As reflected in the following table, which sets forth global M&A industry statistics, the value and number of all completed transactions, including the subset of completed transactions involving values greater than \$500 million, decreased in the first nine months of 2020 as compared to 2019. With respect to announced M&A transactions, the value and number of all transactions, including the subset of announced transactions involving values greater than \$500 million, decreased in the first nine months of 2020 as compared to 2019. With respect to announced mass involving values greater than \$500 million, decreased in the first nine months of 2020 as compared to 2019.

		Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	_	2020		2019	% Incr / (Decr)		2020		2019	% Incr / (Decr)
Completed M&A Transactions:					(\$ in bi	шоп	(\$)			
All deals:										
Value	\$	675	\$	1,060	(36)%	\$	2,242	\$	2,849	(21)%
Number		7,060		9,294	(24)%		22,669		27,355	(17)%
Deals Greater than \$500 million:										
Value	\$	503	\$	848	(41)%	\$	1,739	\$	2,210	(21)%
Number		194		290	(33)%		662		846	(22)%
Announced M&A Transactions:										
All deals:										
Value	\$	1,145	\$	832	38%	\$	2,272	\$	3,007	(24)%
Number		7,818		9,399	(17)%		23,638		27,505	(14)%
Deals Greater than \$500 million:										
Value	\$	923	\$	615	50%	\$	1,707	\$	2,367	(28)%
Number		315		284	11%		709		854	(17)%

Source: Dealogic as of October 5, 2020.

Global restructuring activity during the first nine months of 2020, as measured by the number of corporate defaults, increased as compared to the first nine months of 2019. The number of defaulting issuers was 166 in the first nine months of 2020 according to Moody's Investors Service, Inc, as compared to 64 in the first nine months of 2019.

Net revenue trends in Financial Advisory are generally correlated to the level of completed industry-wide M&A transactions and restructuring transactions occurring subsequent to corporate debt defaults, respectively. However, deviations from this relationship can occur in any given year for a number of reasons. For instance, our results can diverge from industry-wide activity where there are material variances from the level of industry-wide M&A activity in a particular market where Lazard has significant market share, or regarding the relative number of our advisory engagements with respect to larger-sized transactions, and where we are involved in non-public or sovereign advisory assignments.

Asset Management

Equity market indices for major markets at September 30, 2020 generally increased as compared to such indices at December 31, 2019 and September 30, 2019 with the exception of Euro Stoxx, which decreased as compared to both periods. The percentage change in major equity market indices at September 30, 2020, as compared to such indices at June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and at September 30, 2019, is shown in the table below.

		Percentage Changes September 30, 2020 vs.					
	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	September 30, 2019				
MSCI World Index	8%	2%	11%				
Euro Stoxx	(1)%	(13)%	(8)%				
MSCI Emerging Market	10%	(1)%	11%				
S&P 500	9%	6%	15%				



The fees that we receive for providing investment management and advisory services are primarily driven by the level of AUM and the nature of the AUM product mix. Accordingly, market movements, foreign currency exchange rate volatility and changes in our AUM product mix will impact the level of revenues we receive from our Asset Management business when comparing periodic results. A substantial portion of our AUM is invested in equities. Movements in AUM during the period generally reflect the changes in equity market indices.

Financial Statement Overview

Net Revenue

The majority of Lazard's Financial Advisory net revenue historically has been earned from the successful completion of M&A transactions, capital advisory services, capital raising, restructuring, shareholder advisory, sovereign advisory and other strategic advisory matters. The main drivers of Financial Advisory net revenue are overall M&A activity, the level of corporate debt defaults and the environment for capital raising activities, particularly in the industries and geographic markets in which Lazard focuses. In some client engagements, often those involving financially distressed companies, revenue is earned in the form of retainers and similar fees that are contractually agreed upon with each client for each assignment and are not necessarily linked to the completion of a transaction. In addition, Lazard also earns fees from providing strategic advice to clients, with such fees not being dependent on a specific transaction, and may also earn fees in connection with public and private securities offerings. Significant fluctuations in Financial Advisory net revenue can occur over the course of any given year, because a significant portion of such net revenue is earned upon the successful completion of a transaction, restructuring or capital raising activity, the timing of which is uncertain and is not subject to Lazard's control.

Lazard's Asset Management segment principally includes Lazard Asset Management LLC (together with its subsidiaries, "LAM"), Lazard Frères Gestion SAS ("LFG") and Edgewater. Asset Management net revenue is derived from fees for investment management and advisory services provided to clients. As noted above, the main driver of Asset Management net revenue is the level and product mix of AUM, which is generally influenced by the performance of the global equity markets and, to a lesser extent, fixed income markets as well as Lazard's investment performance, which impacts its ability to successfully attract and retain assets. As a result, fluctuations (including timing thereof) in financial markets and client asset inflows and outflows have a direct effect on Asset Management net revenue and operating income. Asset Management fees are generally based on the level of AUM measured daily, monthly or quarterly, and an increase or reduction in AUM, due to market price fluctuations, currency fluctuations, changes in product mix, or net client asset flows will result in a corresponding increase or decrease in management fees. The majority of our investment advisory contracts are generally terminable at any time or on notice of 30 days or less. Institutional and individual clients, and firms with which we have strategic alliances, can terminate their relationship with us, reduce the aggregate amount of AUM or shift their funds to other types of accounts with different rate structures for a number of reasons, including investment performance, changes in prevailing interest rates and financial market performance. In addition, as Lazard's AUM includes significant amounts of assets that are denominated in currencies other than U.S. Dollars, changes in the value of the U.S. Dollar relative to foreign currencies will impact the value of Lazard's AUM and the overall amount of management fees generated by the AUM. Fees vary with the type of assets managed and the vehicle in which they are managed, with higher fees earned on equity

The Company earns performance-based incentive fees on various investment products, including traditional products and alternative investment funds, such as hedge funds and private equity funds.

For hedge funds, incentive fees are calculated based on a specified percentage of a fund's net appreciation, in some cases in excess of established benchmarks or thresholds. The Company records incentive fees on traditional products and hedge funds at the end of the relevant performance measurement period, when potential uncertainties regarding the ultimate realizable amounts have been determined. The incentive fee measurement period is generally an annual period (unless an account terminates or redemption occurs during the year). The incentive fees received at the end of the measurement period are not subject to reversal or payback. Incentive fees on hedge funds are often subject to loss carryforward provisions in which losses incurred by the hedge funds in any year are applied against certain gains realized by the hedge funds in future periods before any incentive fees can be earned.

For private equity funds, incentive fees may be earned in the form of a "carried interest" if profits arising from realized investments exceed a specified threshold. Typically, such carried interest is ultimately calculated on a whole-fund basis and, therefore, clawback of carried interest during the life of the fund can occur. As a result, incentive fees earned on our private equity funds are not recognized until potential uncertainties regarding the ultimate realizable amounts have been determined, including any potential for clawback.



Corporate segment net revenue consists primarily of investment gains and losses on the Company's "seed investments" related to our Asset Management business and principal investments in private equity funds, net of hedging activities, as well as gains and losses on investments held in connection with Lazard Fund Interests ("LFI") and interest income and interest expense. Corporate net revenue also can fluctuate due to changes in the fair value of debt and equity securities, as well as due to changes in interest and currency exchange rates and in the levels of cash, investments and indebtedness.

Corporate segment total assets represented 65% of Lazard's consolidated total assets as of September 30, 2020, which are attributable to cash and cash equivalents, investments in debt and equity securities, interests in alternative investment, debt, equity and private equity funds, deferred tax assets and certain assets associated with LFB.

Operating Expenses

The majority of Lazard's operating expenses relate to compensation and benefits for managing directors and employees. Our compensation and benefits expense includes (i) salaries and benefits, (ii) amortization of the relevant portion of previously granted deferred incentive compensation awards, including (a) share-based incentive compensation under the Lazard Ltd 2018 Incentive Compensation Plan (the "2018 Plan") and the Lazard Ltd 2008 Incentive Compensation Plan (the "2008 Plan") and (b) LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements (see Note 13 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements), (iii) a provision for discretionary or guaranteed cash bonuses and profit pools and (iv) when applicable, severance payments. Compensation expense in any given period is dependent on many factors, including general economic and market conditions, our actual and forecasted operating and financial performance, staffing levels, estimated forfeiture rates, competitive pay conditions and the nature of revenues earned, as well as the mix between current and deferred compensation.

For interim periods, we use "adjusted compensation and benefits expense" and the ratio of "adjusted compensation and benefits expense" to "operating revenue," both non-GAAP measures, for comparison of compensation and benefits expense between periods. For the reconciliations and calculations with respect to "adjusted compensation and benefits expense" and related ratios to "operating revenue," see the table under "Consolidated Results of Operations" below.

We believe that "awarded compensation and benefits expense" and the ratio of "awarded compensation and benefits expense" to "operating revenue," both non-GAAP measures, when presented in conjunction with U.S. GAAP measures are appropriate measures to assess the annual cost of compensation and provide a meaningful and useful basis for comparison of compensation and benefits expense between present, historical and future years. "Awarded compensation and benefits expense" for a given year is calculated using "adjusted compensation and benefits expense," also a non-GAAP measure, as modified by the following items:

- we deduct amortization expense recorded for accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") purposes in the fiscal year associated with deferred incentive compensation awards;
- we add incentive compensation with respect to the fiscal year, which is comprised of:
 - (i) the deferred incentive compensation awards granted in the year-end compensation process with respect to the fiscal year (*e.g.*, deferred incentive compensation awards granted in 2020 related to the 2019 year-end compensation process), including performance-based restricted stock unit ("PRSU") and performance-based restricted participation unit ("PRPU") awards (based on the target payout level);

- (ii) the portion of investments in people (*e.g.*, "sign-on" bonuses or retention awards) and other special deferred incentive compensation awards that is applicable to the fiscal year the award becomes effective; and
- (iii) amounts in excess of the target payout level for PRSU and PRPU awards at the end of their respective performance periods; and
- we reduce the amounts in (i), (ii) and (iii) above by an estimate of future forfeitures with respect to such awards.

Compensation and benefits expense is the largest component of our operating expenses. We seek to maintain discipline with respect to compensation, including the rate at which we award deferred compensation. Our goal is to maintain a ratio of awarded compensation and benefits expense to operating revenue and a ratio of adjusted compensation and benefits expense to operating revenue over the cycle in the mid- to high-50s percentage range. While we have implemented policies and initiatives that we believe will assist us in maintaining ratios within this range, there can be no guarantee that we will continue to maintain such ratios, or that our policies or initiatives will not change, in the future. We may benefit from pressure on compensation costs within the financial services industry in future periods; however, increased competition for senior professionals, changes in the macroeconomic environment or the financial markets generally, lower operating revenue resulting from, for example, a decrease in M&A activity, our share of the M&A market or our AUM levels, changes in the mix of revenues from our businesses, investments in our businesses or various other factors could prevent us from achieving this goal.

Our operating expenses also include "non-compensation expense", which includes costs for occupancy and equipment, marketing and business development, technology and information services, professional services, fund administration and outsourced services and other expenses. Our occupancy costs represent a significant portion of our aggregate operating expenses and are subject to change from time to time, particularly as leases for real property expire and are renewed or replaced with new, long-term leases for the same or other real property.

We believe that "adjusted non-compensation expense", a non-GAAP measure, when presented in conjunction with U.S. GAAP measures provides a meaningful and useful basis for our investors to assess our operating results. For calculations with respect to "adjusted non-compensation expense", see the table under "Consolidated Results of Operations" below.

Our operating expenses also include "amortization and other acquisition-related costs" which includes in 2019 the change in fair value of the contingent consideration associated with business acquisitions.

Provision for Income Taxes

Lazard Ltd, through its subsidiaries, is subject to U.S. federal income taxes on all of its U.S. operating income, as well as on the portion of non-U.S. income attributable to its U.S. subsidiaries. In addition, Lazard Ltd, through its subsidiaries, is subject to state and local taxes on its income apportioned to various state and local jurisdictions. Outside the U.S., Lazard Group operates principally through subsidiary corporations that are subject to local income taxes in foreign jurisdictions. Lazard Group is also subject to Unincorporated Business Tax ("UBT") attributable to its operations apportioned to New York City.

See "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates—Income Taxes" below and Notes 16 and 18 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding income taxes, our deferred tax assets and the tax receivable agreement obligation.

Noncontrolling Interests

Noncontrolling interests primarily consist of amounts related to Edgewater's management vehicles that the Company is deemed to control but not own, profits interest participation rights and consolidated VIE interests held by employees. See Notes 12 and 21 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for information regarding the Company's noncontrolling interests and consolidated VIEs.

Consolidated Results of Operations

Lazard's condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in U.S. Dollars. Many of our non-U.S. subsidiaries have a functional currency (*i.e.*, the currency in which operational activities are primarily conducted) that is other than the U.S. Dollar, generally the currency of the country in which the subsidiaries are domiciled. Such subsidiaries' assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. Dollars using exchange rates as of the respective balance sheet date, while revenue and expenses are translated at average exchange rates during the respective periods based on the daily closing exchange rates. Adjustments that result from translating amounts from a subsidiary's functional currency are reported as a component of stockholders' equity. Foreign currency remeasurement gains and losses on transactions in non-functional currencies are included in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP. Selected financial data derived from the Company's reported condensed consolidated results of operations is set forth below, followed by a more detailed discussion of both the consolidated and business segment results.

	Three Mon Septem				Nine Mon Septem		
	 2020		2019		2020		2019
		(\$ in tho	ısand	s)			
Net Revenue	\$ 577,678	\$	591,068	\$	1,687,984	\$	1,865,432
Operating Expenses:							
Compensation and benefits	354,625		391,363		1,025,948		1,136,087
Non-compensation	117,915		146,310		376,035		446,090
Amortization and other acquisition-related costs	458		1,022		1,359		9,534
Total operating expenses	 472,998		538,695		1,403,342		1,591,711
Operating Income	 104,680	_	52,373		284,642		273,721
Provision for income taxes	28,165		4,177		76,720		55,536
Net Income	76,515	_	48,196		207,922		218,185
Less - Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	1,423		1,492		(4,650)		8,662
Net Income Attributable to Lazard Ltd	\$ 75,092	\$	46,704	\$	212,572	\$	209,523
Operating Income, as a % of net revenue	 18.1%		8.9%		16.9%	-	14.7%

The tables below describe the components of operating revenue, adjusted compensation and benefits expense, adjusted non-compensation expense, earnings from operations and related key ratios, which are non-GAAP measures used by the Company to manage its business. We believe such non-GAAP measures in conjunction with U.S. GAAP measures provide a meaningful and useful basis for comparison between present, historical and future periods, as described above.

	 Three Moi Septem	 		Nine Mon Septen		
	2020	2019		2020		2019
		(\$ in the	ousan	ds)		
Operating Revenue:						
Net revenue	\$ 577,678	\$ 591,068	\$	1,687,984	\$	1,865,432
Adjustments:						
Interest expense (a)	18,688	18,535		55,994		54,046
Distribution fees, reimbursable deal costs and bad debt						
expense (b)	(12,016)	(15,413)		(50,336)		(53,102)
(Revenue) loss related to noncontrolling interests (c)	(4,042)	(4,164)		(3,443)		(18,254)
(Gains) losses on investments pertaining to LFI (d)	(11,261)	(1,764)		(15,427)		(22,118)
Private equity investment (e)	-	-		-		11,948
Operating revenue	\$ 569,047	\$ 588,262	\$	1,674,772	\$	1,837,952

(a) Interest expense (excluding interest expense incurred by LFB) is added back in determining operating revenue because such expense relates to corporate financing activities and is not considered to be a cost directly related to the revenue of our business.

(b) Represents certain distribution fees, reimbursable deal costs paid to third parties and bad debt expense relating to fees that are deemed uncollectible for which an equal amount is excluded for purposes of determining adjusted non-compensation expense.

(c) Revenue or loss related to the consolidation of noncontrolling interests is excluded from operating revenue because the Company has no economic interest in such amount.

(d) Represents changes in the fair value of investments held in connection with LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements for which a corresponding equal amount is excluded from compensation and benefits expense.

(e) Represents the write-down of a private equity investment to its potential transaction value.

	Three Mor Septem	 		Nine Mon Septen		
	2020	2019	_	2020		2019
		(\$ in the	ousand	ls)		
Adjusted Compensation and Benefits Expense:						
Total compensation and benefits expense	\$ 354,625	\$ 391,363	\$	1,025,948	\$	1,136,087
Adjustments:						
Expenses associated with the business realignment	-	(49,119)		-		(49,119)
Noncontrolling interests (a)	(1,936)	(2,230)		(5,658)		(8,028)
(Charges) credits pertaining to LFI (b)	(11,261)	(1,764)		(15,427)		(22,118)
Adjusted compensation and benefits expense	\$ 341,428	\$ 338,250	\$	1,004,863	\$	1,056,822
Adjusted compensation and benefits expense, as a % of operating						
revenue	60.0%	57.5%		60.0%)	57.5%

(a) Expenses related to the consolidation of noncontrolling interests are excluded because Lazard has no economic interest in such amounts.

(b) Represents changes in fair value of the compensation liability recorded in connection with LFI and other similar deferred incentive compensation awards for which a corresponding equal amount is excluded from operating revenue.

	 Three Mor Septem	 		Nine Mon Septem	
	 2020	2019		2020	2019
		(\$ in the	usands	s)	
Adjusted Non-Compensation Expense:					
Total non-compensation expense	\$ 117,915	\$ 146,310	\$	376,035	\$ 446,090
Adjustments:					
Expenses associated with the business realignment	-	(1,810)		-	(1,810)
Expenses associated with ERP system implementation (a)	-	(2,362)		-	(13,193)
Expenses relating to office space reorganization (b)	(2,311)	(1,143)		(8,462)	(1,143)
Distribution fees, reimbursable deal costs and bad debt					
expense (c)	(12,016)	(15,413)		(50,336)	(53,102)
Charges pertaining to senior debt refinancing (d)	-	-		-	(6,505)
Noncontrolling interests (e)	(507)	(397)		(1,907)	(1,401)
Adjusted non-compensation expense	\$ 103,081	\$ 125,185	\$	315,330	\$ 368,936
Adjusted non-compensation expense, as a % of operating revenue	 18.1%	21.3%		18.8%	20.1%

(a) Represents expenses associated with the Enterprise Resource Planning ("ERP") system implementation.

(b) Represents incremental rent expense related to office space reorganization.

(c) Represents certain distribution fees, reimbursable deal costs paid to third parties and bad debt expense relating to fees that are deemed uncollectible for which an equal amount is included for purposes of determining operating revenue.

(d) In 2019, represents charges pertaining to the partial redemption of the Company's 4.25% senior notes due 2020 (the "2020 Notes") due to the nonoperating nature of such transaction. See "-Liquidity and Capital Resources-Financing Activities" below.

(e) Expenses related to the consolidation of noncontrolling interests are excluded because the Company has no economic interest in such amounts.

	 Three Mon Septem	 		Nine Mont Septem		
	 2020	2019		2020		2019
		(\$ in tho	usan	ds)		
Earnings From Operations:						
Operating revenue	\$ 569,047	\$ 588,262	\$	1,674,772	\$	1,837,952
Deduct:						
Adjusted compensation and benefits expense	(341,428)	(338,250)		(1,004,863)		(1,056,822)
Adjusted non-compensation expense	(103,081)	(125,185)		(315,330)		(368,936)
Earnings from operations	\$ 124,538	\$ 124,827	\$	354,579	\$	412,194
Earnings from operations, as a % of operating revenue	 21.9%	 21.2%		21.2%		22.4%

Headcount information is set forth below:

		As of	
	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	September 30, 2019
Headcount:			
Managing Directors:			
Financial Advisory	169	163	169
Asset Management	105	104	108
Corporate	22	19	18
Total Managing Directors	296	286	295
Other Business Segment Professionals and Support Staff:			
Financial Advisory	1,398	1,355	1,390
Asset Management	994	986	993
Corporate	411	391	403
Total	3,099	3,018	3,081

Operating Results

The Company's quarterly revenue and profits can fluctuate materially depending on the number, size and timing of completed transactions on which it advised, as well as seasonality, the performance of equity markets and other factors. Accordingly, the revenue and profits in any particular quarter may not be indicative of future results. Lazard management believes that annual results are the most meaningful basis for comparison among present, historical and future periods.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2020 versus September 30, 2019

The Company reported net income attributable to Lazard Ltd of \$75 million, as compared to net income attributable to Lazard Ltd of \$47 million in the 2019 period.

Net revenue decreased \$13 million, or 2%, with operating revenue decreasing \$19 million, or 3%, as compared to the 2019 period. Fee revenue from investment banking and other advisory activities remained substantially the same as compared to the 2019 period. Asset management fees, including incentive fees, decreased \$22 million, or 8%, as compared to the 2019 period. In the aggregate, interest income, other revenue and interest expense increased \$8 million, as compared to the 2019 period.

Compensation and benefits expense (which included \$49 million associated with the business realignment in the 2019 period) decreased \$37 million, or 9%, as compared to the 2019 period.

Adjusted compensation and benefits expense (which excludes certain items and which we believe allows for improved comparability between periods, as described above) was \$341 million, an increase of \$3 million, or 1%, as compared to \$338 million in the 2019 period. The ratio of adjusted compensation and benefits expense to operating revenue was 60.0% for the 2020 period, as compared to 57.5% for the 2019 period.

Non-compensation expense decreased \$28 million, or 19%, as compared to the 2019 period, primarily due to decreased marketing and business development expenses. Adjusted non-compensation expense decreased \$22 million, or 18%, as compared to the 2019 period. The ratio of adjusted non-compensation expense to operating revenue was 18.1% for the 2020 period, as compared to 21.3% for the 2019 period.

Amortization and other acquisition-related costs decreased \$1 million as compared the 2019 period.

Operating income increased \$52 million, or 100%, as compared to the 2019 period.

Earnings from operations remained substantially the same as compared to the 2019 period, and, as a percentage of operating revenue, was 21.9%, as compared to 21.2% in the 2019 period.

The provision for income taxes reflects an effective tax rate of 26.9%, as compared to 8.0% for the 2019 period. The increase in the effective tax rate principally relates to a reduction in discrete benefits and changes in the geographic mix of earnings.

Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests remained substantially the same as compared to the 2019 period.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 versus September 30, 2019

The Company reported net income attributable to Lazard Ltd of \$213 million, as compared to net income attributable to Lazard Ltd of \$210 million in the 2019 period.

Net revenue decreased \$177 million, or 10%, with operating revenue decreasing \$163 million, or 9%, as compared to the 2019 period. Fee revenue from investment banking and other advisory activities decreased \$63 million, or 7%, as compared to the 2019 period. Asset management fees, including incentive fees, decreased \$96 million, or 11%, as compared to the 2019 period. In the aggregate, interest income, other revenue and interest expense decreased \$18 million, as compared to the 2019 period.

Compensation and benefits expense (which included \$49 million associated with the business realignment in the 2019 period) decreased \$110 million, or 10%, as compared to the 2019 period.

Adjusted compensation and benefits expense (which excludes certain items and which we believe allows for improved comparability between periods, as described above) was \$1,005 million, a decrease of \$52 million, or 5%, as compared to \$1,057 million in the 2019 period. The ratio of adjusted compensation and benefits expense to operating revenue was 60.0% for the 2020 period, as compared to 57.5% for the 2019 period.

Non-compensation expense decreased \$70 million, or 16%, as compared to the 2019 period, primarily due to decreased marketing and business development expenses. Adjusted non-compensation expense decreased \$54 million, or 15%, as compared to the 2019 period. The ratio of adjusted non-compensation expense to operating revenue was 18.8% for the 2020 period, as compared to 20.1% in the 2019 period.

Amortization and other acquisition-related costs decreased \$8 million compared to the 2019 period.

Operating income increased \$11 million, or 4%, as compared to the 2019 period.

Earnings from operations decreased \$58 million, or 14%, as compared to the 2019 period, and, as a percentage of operating revenue, was 21.2%, as compared to 22.4% in the 2019 period.

The provision for income taxes reflects an effective tax rate of 27.0%, as compared to 20.3% for the 2019 period. The increase in the effective tax rate principally relates to a reduction in discrete benefits, partially offset by changes in the geographic mix of earnings.

Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests reflects a loss of \$5 million as compared to income of \$9 million in the 2019 period.

Business Segments

The following is a discussion of net revenue and operating income for the Company's segments: Financial Advisory, Asset Management and Corporate. Each segment's operating expenses include (i) compensation and benefits expenses that are incurred directly in support of the segment and (ii) other operating expenses, which include directly incurred expenses for occupancy and equipment, marketing and business development, technology and information services, professional services, fund administration and outsourcing, and indirect support costs (including compensation and benefits expense and other operating expenses related thereto) for administrative services. Such administrative services include, but are not limited to, accounting, tax, human resources, legal, information technology, facilities management and senior management activities. Such support costs are allocated to the relevant segments based on various statistical drivers such as revenue, headcount, square footage and other factors.

Financial Advisory

The following table summarizes the reported operating results attributable to the Financial Advisory segment:

	Three Mo	nths En	ded		Nine Months Ended					
	 Septen	iber 30	,							
	 2020		2019		2020		2019			
			(\$ in tho	usands)					
Net Revenue	\$ 305,473	\$	305,982	\$	909,245	\$	973,964			
Operating Expenses	266,150		307,147		764,012		863,646			
Operating Income	\$ 39,323	\$	(1,165)	\$	145,233	\$	110,318			
Operating Income, as a % of net revenue	12.9%		(0.4)%		16.0%)	11.3%			

Certain Lazard fee and transaction statistics for the Financial Advisory segment are set forth below:

	Three Months End September 30,		Nine Months Er September 30	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Lazard Statistics:				
Number of clients with fees greater than \$1 million:				
Financial Advisory	65	69	178	199
Percentage of total Financial Advisory net revenue from top 10 clients	39%	44%	25%	22%
Number of M&A transactions completed with values greater than \$500 million (a)	10	16	45	52

(a) Source: Dealogic as of October 5, 2020.

The geographical distribution of Financial Advisory net revenue is set forth below in percentage terms and is based on the Lazard offices that generate Financial Advisory net revenue, which are located in the Americas (primarily in the U.S., Canada, and Latin America), EMEA (primarily in the U.K., France, Germany, Italy and Spain) and the Asia Pacific region (primarily in Australia) and therefore may not be reflective of the geography in which the clients are located.

	Three Month September		Nine Months Septembe	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Americas	70%	72%	67%	70%
EMEA	28	27	31	29
Asia Pacific	2	1	2	1
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

The Company's managing directors and many of its professionals have significant experience, and many of them are able to use this experience to advise on M&A, restructuring and other strategic advisory matters, depending on clients' needs. This flexibility allows Lazard to better match its professionals with the counter-cyclical business cycles of mergers and acquisitions and restructurings. While Lazard measures revenue by practice area, Lazard does not separately measure the costs or profitability of M&A services as compared to restructuring or other services. Accordingly, Lazard measures performance in its Financial Advisory segment based on overall segment operating revenue and operating income margins.



Financial Advisory Results of Operations

Financial Advisory's quarterly revenue and profits can fluctuate materially depending on the number, size and timing of completed transactions on which it advised, as well as seasonality and other factors. Accordingly, the revenue and profits in any particular quarter or period may not be indicative of future results. Lazard management believes that annual results are the most meaningful basis for comparison among present, historical and future periods.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2020 versus September 30, 2019

Financial Advisory net revenue remained substantially the same as compared to the 2019 period.

Operating expenses decreased \$41 million, or 13%, as compared to the 2019 period, primarily due to decreases in compensation and benefits expense and marketing and business development expenses. Operating expenses in the 2019 period included \$36 million associated with the business realignment.

Financial Advisory operating income was \$39 million as compared to operating loss of \$1 million in the 2019 period and, as a percentage of net revenue, was 12.9%, as compared to (0.4)% in the 2019 period.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 versus September 30, 2019

Financial Advisory net revenue decreased \$65 million, or 7%, as compared to the 2019 period. The decrease in Financial Advisory net revenue was primarily a result of a decrease in the number of M&A fees greater than \$5 million, partially offset by higher Restructuring fees as compared to the 2019 period.

Operating expenses decreased \$100 million, or 12%, as compared to the 2019 period, primarily due to decreases in compensation and benefits expense and marketing and business development expenses. Operating expenses in the 2019 period included \$36 million associated with the business realignment.

Financial Advisory operating income was \$145 million, an increase of \$35 million, or 32%, as compared to operating income of \$110 million in the 2019 period and, as a percentage of net revenue, was 16.0%, as compared to 11.3% in the 2019 period.

Asset Management

The following table shows the composition of AUM for the Asset Management segment:

	 As of September 30, December 2020 (\$ in millions) \$ 29,942 \$ 48,382 43,559 61,872				
		D	December 31, 2019		
	(\$ in m	illions)			
AUM by Asset Class:					
Equity:					
Emerging Markets	\$ 29,942	\$	40,612		
Global	48,382		49,759		
Local	43,559		48,985		
Multi-Regional	61,872		66,185		
Total Equity	 183,755		205,541		
Fixed Income:					
Emerging Markets	12,743		14,387		
Global	9,948		9,233		
Local	5,554		5,450		
Multi-Regional	11,252		9,193		
Total Fixed Income	 39,497		38,263		
Alternative Investments	 2,283		2,149		
Private Equity	1,396		1,385		
Cash Management	821		901		
Total AUM	\$ 227,752	\$	248,239		



Total AUM at September 30, 2020 was \$228 billion, a decrease of \$20 billion, or 8%, as compared to total AUM of \$248 billion at December 31, 2019 due to net outflows, market depreciation and foreign exchange depreciation. Average AUM for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 decreased 3% and 6% as compared to the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2019.

As of September 30, 2020 approximately 87% of our AUM was managed on behalf of institutional clients, including corporations, labor unions, public pension funds, insurance companies and banks, and through sub-advisory relationships, mutual fund sponsors, broker-dealers and registered advisors, as compared to 86% as of December 31, 2019. As of September 30, 2020 approximately 13% of our AUM was managed on behalf of individual client relationships, which are principally with family offices and individuals, as compared to 14% as of December 31, 2019.

As of September 30, 2020, AUM with foreign currency exposure represented approximately 69% of our total AUM, as compared to 67% as of December 31, 2019. AUM with foreign currency exposure generally declines in value with the strengthening of the U.S. Dollar and increases in value as the U.S. Dollar weakens, with all other factors held constant.

The following is a summary of changes in AUM by asset class for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

					Three Mont	hs Ei	nded Septemb	oer 30), 2020			
	AUM eginning Balance	Inflows (a)		Outflows (a)		Net Flows		Ap	rket Value preciation/ preciation)	Foreign Exchange Appreciation/ (Depreciation)		AUM Ending Balance
						(\$ i	n millions)					
Equity	\$ 173,515	\$	8,013	\$	(9,654)	\$	(1,641)	\$	8,969	\$	2,912	\$ 183,755
Fixed Income	36,884		2,991		(1,616)		1,375		480		758	39,497
Other	4,305		245		(180)		65		75		55	4,500
Total	\$ 214,704	\$	11,249	\$	(11,450)	\$	(201)	\$	9,524	\$	3,725	\$ 227,752

(a) Inflows in the Equity asset class were primarily attributable to the Multi-Regional, Global and Emerging Markets platforms, and inflows in the Fixed Income asset class were primarily attributable to the Global and Multi-Regional platforms. Outflows in the Equity asset class were primarily attributable to the Local, Multi-Regional and Emerging Markets equity platforms, and outflows in the Fixed Income asset class were primarily attributable to the Emerging Markets and Global platforms.

					Nine Mont	hs Ei	nded Septemb	er 3(, 2020						
	AUM Beginning Balance	AUM Market Value Exchar eginning Net Appreciation/ Apprecia		ginning		Outflows (a)			Inflows (a) Ou		Appreciation/		n/ Appreciation		AUM Ending Balance
						(\$	in millions)								
Equity	\$ 205,541	\$	22,615	\$	(34,092)	\$	(11,477)	\$	(10,034)	\$	(275)	\$ 183,755			
Fixed Income	38,263		7,632		(7,356)		276		1,109		(151)	39,497			
Other	4,435		713		(594)		119		(59)		5	4,500			
Total	\$ 248,239	\$	30,960	\$	(42,042)	\$	(11,082)	\$	(8,984)	\$	(421)	\$ 227,752			

(a) Inflows in the Equity asset class were primarily attributable to the Global, Multi-Regional and Local platforms, and inflows in the Fixed Income asset class were primarily attributable to the Global and Multi-Regional platforms. Outflows in the Equity asset class were primarily attributable to the Multi-Regional, Local and Emerging Markets equity platforms, and outflows in the Fixed Income asset class were primarily attributable to the Emerging Markets, Global and Multi-Regional platforms.

						Three Mont	hs Er	nded Septemb	er 30,	2019			
	AU Begin Bala	ning	I	nflows	(Outflows		Net Flows	Арр	ket Value reciation/ reciation)	E: App	Foreign xchange preciation/ preciation)	AUM Ending Balance
							(\$ i	n millions)					
Equity	\$ 19	95,858	\$	6,016	\$	(10,145)	\$	(4,129)	\$	39	\$	(3,313)	\$ 188,455
Fixed Income	3	36,589		1,731		(1,869)		(138)		2,266		(995)	37,722
Other		5,019		223		(341)		(118)		(110)		(94)	4,697
Total	\$ 23	37,466	\$	7,970	\$	(12,355)	\$	(4,385)	\$	2,195	\$	(4,402)	\$ 230,874



						Nine Montl	ıs En	ided Septemb	er 30,	2019			
	Beg	UM ginning llance]	Inflows	(Outflows		Net Flows	Ap	rket Value preciation/ preciation)	Ез Арр	oreign achange reciation/ oreciation)	AUM Ending Balance
							(\$ i	in millions)					
Equity	\$ 1	176,998	\$	17,646	\$	(28,763)	\$	(11,117)	\$	25,996	\$	(3,422)	\$ 188,455
Fixed Income		32,938		6,694		(5,065)		1,629		4,089		(934)	37,722
Other		4,798		1,020		(1,125)		(105)		100		(96)	4,697
Total	\$ 2	214,734	\$	25,360	\$	(34,953)	\$	(9,593)	\$	30,185	\$	(4,452)	\$ 230,874

As of October 23, 2020, AUM was \$234.3 billion, a \$6.5 billion increase since September 30, 2020. The increase in AUM was due to market appreciation of \$4.7 billion, foreign exchange appreciation of \$1.2 billion and net inflows of \$0.6 billion.

Average AUM for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 for each significant asset class is set forth below. Average AUM generally represents the average of the monthly ending AUM balances for the period.

	Three Mo Septen			Nine Mon Septen	
	 2020	2019		2020	2019
		(\$ in 1	nillions)	
Average AUM by Asset Class:					
Equity	\$ 182,191	\$ 191,434	\$	176,972	\$ 192,219
Fixed Income	39,355	37,688		37,353	35,723
Alternative Investments	2,250	2,411		2,087	2,570
Private Equity	1,399	1,385		1,401	1,399
Cash Management	851	960		839	974
Total Average AUM	\$ 226,046	\$ 233,878	\$	218,652	\$ 232,885

The following table summarizes the reported operating results attributable to the Asset Management segment:

	Three Mor	ths En	ded		Nine Months Ended						
	 Septem	ber 30	,		Septen	nber 30	,				
	 2020		2019	2020			2019				
			(\$ in tho	usands	5)						
Net Revenue	\$ 277,243	\$	300,015	\$	814,613	\$	917,439				
Operating Expenses	200,194		225,819		600,012		652,188				
Operating Income	\$ 77,049	\$	74,196	\$	214,601	\$	265,251				
Operating Income, as a % of net revenue	 27.8%		24.7%		26.3%)	28.9%				

The geographical distribution of Asset Management net revenue is set forth below in percentage terms, and is based on the Lazard offices that manage and distribute the respective AUM amounts. Such geographical distribution may not be reflective of the geography of the investment products or clients.

	Three Months September		Nine Months I September	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Americas	50%	54%	51%	55%
EMEA	38	34	37	34
Asia Pacific	12	12	12	11
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

Asset Management Results of Operations

Asset Management's quarterly revenue and profits in any particular quarter or period may not be indicative of future results and may fluctuate based on the performance of the equity and other capital markets. Lazard management believes that annual results are the most meaningful basis for comparison among present, historical and future periods.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2020 versus September 30, 2019

Asset Management net revenue decreased \$23 million, or 8%, as compared to the 2019 period. Management fees and other revenue was \$274 million, a decrease of \$25 million, or 8%, as compared to \$299 million in the 2019 period, primarily due to a decrease in average AUM and change in asset mix. Incentive fees were \$3 million, an increase of \$2 million as compared to \$1 million in the 2019 period.

Operating expenses decreased \$26 million, or 11%, as compared to the 2019 period primarily due to decreases in compensation and benefits expenses and marketing and business development expenses. Operating expenses in the 2019 period included \$14 million associated with the business realignment.

Asset Management operating income was \$77 million, an increase of \$3 million, or 4%, as compared to operating income of \$74 million in the 2019 period and as a percentage of net revenue, was 27.8%, as compared to 24.7% in the 2019 period.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 versus September 30, 2019

Asset Management net revenue decreased \$103 million, or 11%, as compared to the 2019 period. Management fees and other revenue was \$809 million, a decrease of \$101 million, or 11%, as compared to \$910 million in the 2019 period, primarily due to a decrease in average AUM and change in asset mix. Incentive fees were \$6 million, a decrease of \$1 million as compared to \$7 million in the 2019 period.

Operating expenses decreased \$52 million, or 8%, as compared to the 2019 period primarily due to decreases in compensation and benefits expense, marketing and business development expenses and fund distribution related fees. Operating expenses in the 2019 period included \$14 million associated with the business realignment.

Asset Management operating income was \$215 million, a decrease of \$51 million, or 19%, as compared to operating income of \$265 million in the 2019 period and, as a percentage of net revenue, was 26.3%, as compared to 28.9% in the 2019 period.

Corporate

The following table summarizes the reported operating results attributable to the Corporate segment:

	 Three Mor Septem				Nine Mon Septem	
	 2020			2020	2019	
			(\$ in th	ousan	lds)	
Interest Income	\$ (116)	\$	3,330	\$	2,586	\$ 9,358
Interest Expense	(18,946)		(18,814)		(56,796)	(54,827)
Net Interest (Expense)	 (19,062)		(15,484)		(54,210)	 (45,469)
Other Revenue (Expense)	14,024		555		18,336	19,498
Net Revenue (Expense)	 (5,038)		(14,929)		(35,874)	 (25,971)
Operating Expenses	6,654		5,729		39,318	75,877
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (11,692)	\$	(20,658)	\$	(75,192)	\$ (101,848)

Corporate Results of Operations

Corporate operating results in any particular quarter or period may not be indicative of future results and may fluctuate based on a variety of factors. Lazard management believes that annual results are the most meaningful basis for comparison among present, historical and future periods.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2020 versus September 30, 2019

Net interest expense increased \$4 million, or 23%, as compared to the 2019 period.

Other revenue increased \$13 million as compared to the 2019 period primarily due to higher income in the 2020 period attributable to investments held in connection with LFI.

Operating expenses increased \$1 million as compared to the 2019 period.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 versus September 30, 2019

Net interest expense increased \$9 million, or 19%, as compared to the 2019 period.

Other revenue decreased \$1 million as compared to the 2019 period.

Operating expenses decreased \$37 million as compared to the 2019 period, primarily due to a decrease in compensation and benefits expense and other operating expenses.

Cash Flows

The Company's cash flows are influenced primarily by the timing of the receipt of Financial Advisory and Asset Management fees, the timing of distributions to shareholders, payments of incentive compensation to managing directors and employees and purchases of common stock. Cash flows were also affected in 2019 by Lazard Group's issuance of \$500 million aggregate principal amount of its 4.375% senior notes maturing in 2029 (the "2029 Notes") and the redemption of the 2020 Notes.

M&A and other advisory and Asset Management fees are generally collected within 60 days of billing, while Restructuring fee collections may extend beyond 60 days, particularly those that involve bankruptcies with court-ordered holdbacks. Fees from our Private Capital Advisory activities are generally collected over a four-year period from billing and typically include an interest component.

The Company makes cash payments for, or in respect of, a significant portion of its incentive compensation during the first three months of each calendar year with respect to the prior year's results. The Company also paid a special dividend in February 2019.

Summary of Cash Flows:

	Nine Months Ende September 30,	d
	2020	2019
	(\$ in millions)	
Cash Provided By (Used In):		
Operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 208 \$	218
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities (a)	388	392
Other operating activities (b)	(341)	(291)
Net cash provided by operating activities	 255	319
Investing activities	(34)	(41)
Financing activities (c)	(384)	(189)
Effect of exchange rate changes	52	(92)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash	 (111)	(3)
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash (d):		
Beginning of Period	2,456	2,292
End of Period	\$ 2,345 \$	2,289

		Nine Months Ende September 30,	ed
	20	20	2019
		(\$ in millions)	
Depreciation and amortization of property	\$	26 \$	25
Noncash lease expense		47	40
Amortization of deferred expenses and share-based incentive			
compensation		283	317
Deferred tax provision (benefit)		31	(6)
Amortization and other acquisition-related costs		1	9
Loss on extinguishment of debt		-	7
Total	\$	388 \$	392

(b) Includes net changes in operating assets and liabilities.

- (c) Consists primarily of purchases of shares of common stock, tax withholdings related to the settlement of vested RSUs, vested restricted stock awards and vested PRSUs, common stock dividends, changes in customer deposits, distributions to noncontrolling interest holders and activity relating to borrowings (including in 2019, the issuance of the 2029 Notes and the redemption of the 2020 Notes).
- (d) Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash consists of cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and short-term investments and cash deposited with clearing organizations and other segregated cash.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's liquidity and capital resources are derived from operating activities, financing activities and equity offerings.

Operating Activities

Net revenue, operating income and cash receipts fluctuate significantly between periods and could be affected by various risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. In the case of Financial Advisory, fee receipts are generally dependent upon the successful completion of client transactions, the occurrence and timing of which is irregular and not subject to Lazard's control.

Liquidity is significantly impacted by cash payments for, or in respect of, incentive compensation, a significant portion of which are made during the first three months of the year. As a consequence, cash on hand generally declines in the beginning of the year and gradually builds over the remainder of the year. We also pay certain tax advances during the year on behalf of certain managing directors, which serve to reduce their respective incentive compensation payments. We expect this seasonal pattern of cash flow to continue.

Liquidity is also affected by the level of deposits and other customer payables, principally at LFB. To the extent that such deposits and other customer payables rise or fall, this has a corresponding impact on liquidity held at LFB, with the majority of such amounts generally being recorded in "deposits with banks and short-term investments". In the first nine months of 2020, as reflected on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition, both "deposits with banks and short-term investments" and "deposits and other customer payables" were relatively flat as compared to December 31, 2019, and reflect the level of LFB customer-related demand deposits, primarily from clients and funds managed by LFG.

Lazard's condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in U.S. Dollars. Many of Lazard's non-U.S. subsidiaries have a functional currency (*i.e.*, the currency in which operational activities are primarily conducted) that is other than the U.S. Dollar, generally the currency of the country in which subsidiaries are domiciled. Such subsidiaries' assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. Dollars at the respective balance sheet date exchange rates, while revenue and expenses are translated at average exchange rates during the year based on the daily closing exchange rates. Adjustments that result from translating amounts from a subsidiary's functional currency are reported as a component of stockholders' equity. Foreign currency remeasurement gains and losses on transactions in non-functional currencies are included on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

We regularly monitor our liquidity position, including cash levels, investments in U.S. Treasury securities, credit lines, principal investment commitments, interest and principal payments on debt, capital expenditures, dividend payments, purchases of shares of common stock and matters relating to liquidity and to compliance with regulatory net capital requirements. At September 30, 2020, Lazard had approximately \$1,110 million of cash, with such amount including approximately \$612 million held at Lazard's operations

outside the U.S. Lazard provides for income taxes on substantially all of its foreign earnings. We expect that no material amount of additional taxes would be recognized upon receipt of dividends or distributions of such earnings from our foreign operations.

As of September 30, 2020, Lazard had approximately \$219 million in unused lines of credit available to it, including a \$200 million, three-year, senior revolving credit facility with a group of lenders that expires in July 2023 (the "Amended and Restated Credit Agreement") and unused lines of credit available to LFB of approximately \$18 million.

The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement contains customary terms and conditions, including limitations on consolidations, mergers, indebtedness and certain payments, as well as financial condition covenants relating to leverage and interest coverage ratios. Lazard Group's obligations under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement may be accelerated upon customary events of default, including non-payment of principal or interest, breaches of covenants, cross-defaults to other material debt, a change in control and specified bankruptcy events. Borrowings under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement generally will bear interest at LIBOR plus an applicable margin for specific interest periods determined based on Lazard Group's highest credit rating from an internationally recognized credit agency.

As long as the lenders' commitments remain in effect, any loan pursuant to the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement remains outstanding and unpaid or any other amount is due to the lending bank group, the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement includes financial covenants that require that Lazard Group not permit (i) its Consolidated Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) for the 12-month period ending on the last day of any fiscal quarter to be greater than 3.25 to 1.00 or (ii) its Consolidated Interest Coverage Ratio (as defined in the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) for the 12-month period ending on the last day of any fiscal quarter to be less than 3.00 to 1.00. For the 12-month period ended September 30, 2020, Lazard Group was in compliance with such ratios, with its Consolidated Leverage Ratio being 1.94 to 1.00 and its Consolidated Interest Coverage Ratio being 11.61 to 1.00. In any event, no amounts were outstanding under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement as of September 30, 2020.

In addition, the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement contains certain other covenants (none of which relate to financial condition), events of default and other customary provisions and also contains customary LIBOR-replacement mechanics. At September 30, 2020, the Company was in compliance with all of these provisions.

Lazard's annual cash flow generated from operations historically has been sufficient to enable it to meet its annual obligations. We believe that our cash flows from operating activities should be sufficient for us to fund our current obligations for the next 12 months.

Financing Activities

The table below sets forth our corporate indebtedness as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. The agreements with respect to this indebtedness are discussed in more detail in our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q and in our Form 10-K.

							Outstan	ding	as of				
			S	eptemb	oer 30, 202	20			I	Decemb	oer 31, 201	9	
Senior Debt	Maturity Date	Рі	rincipal		nortized t Costs	(Carrying Value	I	Principal		nortized t Costs	C	Carrying Value
							(\$ in n	nillio	ns)				
Lazard Group 2025 Senior Notes	2025	\$	400.0	\$	2.1	\$	397.9	\$	400.0	\$	2.4	\$	397.6
Lazard Group 2027 Senior Notes	2027		300.0		2.5		297.5		300.0		2.8		297.2
Lazard Group 2028 Senior Notes	2028		500.0		7.1		492.9		500.0		7.8		492.2
Lazard Group 2029 Senior Notes	2029		500.0		6.8		493.2		500.0		7.4		492.6
		\$	1,700.0	\$	18.5	\$	1,681.5	\$	1,700.0	\$	20.4	\$	1,679.6

During March 2019, Lazard Group completed an offering of the 2029 Notes. Lazard Group used a portion of the net proceeds of the 2029 Notes to redeem or otherwise retire the remaining 2020 Notes in transactions that occurred during March 2019 and April 2019.

The indenture and supplemental indentures relating to Lazard Group's senior notes contain certain covenants (none of which relate to financial condition), events of default and other customary provisions. At September 30, 2020, the Company was in compliance with all of these provisions. We may, to the extent required and subject to restrictions contained in our financing arrangements, use other financing sources, which may cause us to be subject to additional restrictions or covenants.

See Note 10 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding senior debt.

Stockholders' Equity

At September 30, 2020, total stockholders' equity was \$779 million, as compared to \$682 million at December 31, 2019, including \$694 million and \$610 million attributable to Lazard Ltd on the respective dates. The net activity in stockholders' equity during the nine month period ended September 30, 2020 is reflected in the table below (in millions of dollars):

Stockholders' Equity - January 1, 2020	\$	682
Adjustment for cumulative effect on prior years from the adoption of new	Ψ	002
accounting guidance		(8)
Balance, as adjusted January 1, 2020		674
Increase (decrease) due to:		
Net income		208
Other comprehensive income		14
Amortization of share-based incentive compensation		180
Purchase of common stock		(95)
Settlement of share-based incentive compensation (a)		(71)
Common stock dividends		(147)
Other - net		16
Stockholders' Equity - September 30, 2020	\$	779

(a) The tax withholding portion of share-based compensation is settled in cash, not shares.

The Board of Directors of Lazard has issued a series of authorizations to repurchase common stock, which help offset the dilutive effect of our share-based incentive compensation plans. During a given year the Company intends to repurchase at least as many shares as it expects to ultimately issue pursuant to such compensation plans in respect of year-end incentive compensation attributable to the prior year. The rate at which the Company purchases shares in connection with this annual objective may vary from period to period due to a variety of factors. Purchases with respect to such program are set forth in the table below:

Nine Months Ended September 30:	Number of Shares Purchased	Pr	verage ice Per Share
2019	11,946,943	\$	36.01
2020	2,912,035	\$	32.70

As of September 30, 2020, a total of \$306 million of share repurchase authorization remained available under the Company's share repurchase program, \$6 million of which will expire on December 31, 2020 and \$300 million of which will expire on December 31, 2021.

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2020, the Company had in place trading plans under Rule 10b5-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), pursuant to which it effected stock repurchases in the open market.

On October 28, 2020, the Board of Directors of Lazard declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.47 per share on our common stock. The dividend is payable on November 20, 2020 to stockholders of record on November 9, 2020.

See Notes 12 and 13 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding Lazard's stockholders' equity and incentive plans, respectively.

Regulatory Capital

We actively monitor our regulatory capital base. Our principal subsidiaries are subject to regulatory requirements in their respective jurisdictions to ensure their general financial soundness and liquidity, which require, among other things, that we comply with rules regarding certain minimum capital requirements, record-keeping, reporting procedures, relationships with customers, experience and training requirements for employees and certain other requirements and procedures. These regulatory requirements may restrict the flow of funds to and from affiliates. See Note 19 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information. These regulations differ in the U.S., the U.K., France and other countries in which we operate. Our capital structure is designed to provide each of our subsidiaries with capital and liquidity consistent with its business and regulatory requirements. For a discussion of regulations relating to us, see Item 1, "Business—Regulation" included in our Form 10-K.

Contractual Obligations

The following table sets forth information relating to Lazard's contractual obligations as of September 30, 2020:

		Contractual C	Obliga	tions Payment	Due	by Period	
		Less than					More than
	Total	 1 Year		1-3 Years		3-5 Years	5 Years
			(\$ i	n thousands)			
Senior debt (including interest)	\$ 2,203,417	\$ 70,250	\$	140,500	\$	532,292	\$ 1,460,375
Operating leases (exclusive of \$13,279 of							
committed sublease income)	744,451	22,452		158,818		129,630	433,551
Investment capital funding commitments (a)	5,935	5,935		-		-	-
Total (b)	\$ 2,953,803	\$ 98,637	\$	299,318	\$	661,922	\$ 1,893,926

(a) Unfunded commitments to private equity investments consolidated but not owned by Lazard of \$11,014 are excluded. Such commitments are required to be funded by capital contributions from noncontrolling interest holders. See Note 6 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. These amounts are generally due on demand and therefore are presented in the "less than 1 year" category.

(b) The table above excludes contingent obligations, given the inability to make a reasonably reliable estimate of the timing of the amounts of any such payments. The table above also excludes any possible payments for uncertain tax positions and payments pursuant to the Company's tax receivable agreement, given that the actual amount and timing of payments under the tax receivable agreement could differ materially from our estimates. At September 30, 2020, a tax receivable agreement obligation of \$221,890 was recorded on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition. See "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates – Income Taxes" below. See also Notes 11, 13, 14, 16 and 18 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements regarding information in connection with commitments, incentive plans, employee benefit plans, income taxes and tax receivable agreement obligations, respectively.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Management's discussion and analysis of our condensed consolidated financial condition and results of operations is based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of Lazard's condensed consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, Lazard evaluates its estimates, including those related to revenue recognition, income taxes (including the impact on the tax receivable agreement obligation), investing activities and goodwill. Lazard bases these estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments, including judgments regarding the carrying values of assets and liabilities, that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Lazard believes that the critical accounting policies set forth below comprise the most significant estimates and judgments used in the preparation of its condensed consolidated financial statements.



Revenue Recognition

Lazard generates substantially all of its net revenue from providing Financial Advisory and Asset Management services to clients. Lazard recognizes revenue when the following criteria are met:

- a contract with a client has been identified;
- the performance obligations in the contract have been identified;
- the fee or other transaction price has been determined;
- the fee or other transaction price has been allocated to each performance obligation in the contract; and
- the Company has satisfied the applicable performance obligation.

The Company earns performance-based incentive fees on various investment products, including traditional products and alternative investment funds such as hedge funds and private equity funds. See "Financial Statement Overview" for a description of our revenue recognition policies on such fees. If, in Lazard's judgment, collection of a fee is not probable, Lazard will not recognize revenue until the uncertainty is removed. We maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts to provide coverage for estimated losses from our receivables. We determine the adequacy of the allowance under CECL by (i) applying a bad debt charge-off rate based on historical charge-off experience; (ii) estimating the probability of loss based on our analysis of the client's creditworthiness and specifically reserve against exposures where we determine the receivables are impaired, which may include situations where a fee is in dispute or litigation has commenced; and (iii) performing qualitative assessments to monitor economic risks that may require additional adjustments.

With respect to fees receivable from Financial Advisory activities, such receivables are generally deemed past due when they are outstanding 60 days from the date of invoice, except for certain transactions that include specific contractual payment terms which may vary from approximately one month to four years following the invoice date (as is the case for Private Capital Advisory fees) or may be subject to court approval (as is the case with Restructuring activities that include bankruptcy proceedings). In such cases, receivables are deemed past due when payment is not received by the agreed-upon contractual date or the court approval date, respectively. Financial Advisory fee receivables past due, from the date of the invoice or specific contractual payment terms, in excess of 180 days are fully provided for unless there is evidence that the balance is collectible. Notwithstanding our policy for receivables past due, any receivables that we determine are impaired result in specific reserves against such exposures. Asset Management fees are fully provided for when such receivables are outstanding 12 months after the invoice date. In addition, the Company specifically reserves against exposures relating to Asset Management fees where we determine receivables are impaired prior to being outstanding for 12 months.

Compensation Liabilities

Annual discretionary compensation represents a significant portion of our annual compensation and benefits expense. We allocate the estimated amount of such annual discretionary compensation to interim periods in proportion to the amount of operating revenue earned in such periods based on an assumed annual ratio of awarded compensation and benefits expense to operating revenue. See "Financial Statement Overview—Operating Expenses" for more information on our periodic compensation and benefits expense.

Income Taxes

As part of the process of preparing our consolidated financial statements, we estimate our income taxes for each of our tax-paying entities in its respective jurisdiction. In addition to estimating actual current tax liabilities for these jurisdictions, we also must account for the tax effects of differences between the financial reporting and tax reporting of items, such as basis adjustments, compensation and benefits expense, and depreciation and amortization. Differences which are temporary in nature result in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Significant judgment is required in determining our provision for income taxes, our deferred tax assets and liabilities, any valuation allowance recorded against our deferred tax assets and our unrecognized tax benefits.

We recognize a deferred tax asset if it is more likely than not (defined as a likelihood of greater than 50%) that a tax benefit will be accepted by a taxing authority. The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities is based upon currently enacted tax rates in the applicable jurisdictions. At December 31, 2019, on a consolidated basis, we recorded gross deferred tax assets of approximately \$737 million, with such amount partially offset by a valuation allowance of approximately \$76 million (as described below).

Subsequent to the initial recognition of deferred tax assets, we also must continually assess the likelihood that such deferred tax assets will be realized. If we determine that we may not fully derive the benefit from a deferred tax asset, we consider whether it would be appropriate to apply a valuation allowance against the applicable deferred tax asset, taking into account all available



information. The ultimate realization of a deferred tax asset for a particular entity depends, among other things, on the generation of taxable income by such entity in the applicable jurisdiction.

We consider multiple possible sources of taxable income when assessing a valuation allowance against a deferred tax asset, including:

- future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences;
- future taxable income exclusive of reversing temporary differences and carryforwards;
- taxable income in prior carryback years; and
- tax-planning strategies.

The assessment regarding whether a valuation allowance is required or should be adjusted also considers all available information, including the following:

- nature, frequency, magnitude and duration of any past losses and current operating results;
- duration of statutory carryforward periods;
- historical experience with tax attributes expiring unused; and
- near-term and medium-term financial outlook.

The weight we give to any particular item is, in part, dependent upon the degree to which it can be objectively verified. We give greater weight to the recent results of operations of a relevant entity. Pre-tax operating losses on a three year cumulative basis or lack of sustainable profitability are considered objectively verifiable evidence and will generally outweigh a projection of future taxable income.

Certain of our tax-paying entities have individually experienced losses on a cumulative three year basis or have tax attributes that may expire unused. In addition, one of our tax-paying entities has recorded a valuation allowance on substantially all of its deferred tax assets due to the combined effect of operating losses in certain subsidiaries of that entity as well as foreign taxes that together substantially offset any U.S. tax liability. Taking into account all available information, we cannot determine that it is more likely than not that deferred tax assets held by these entities will be realized. Consequently, we have recorded valuation allowances on \$76 million of deferred tax assets held by these entities as of December 31, 2019.

We record tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return based upon our estimates regarding the amount that is more likely than not to be realized or paid, including in connection with the resolution of any related appeals or other legal processes. Accordingly, we recognize liabilities for certain unrecognized tax benefits based on the amounts that are more likely than not to be settled with the relevant taxing authority. Such liabilities are evaluated periodically as new information becomes available and any changes in the amounts of such liabilities are recorded as adjustments to "income tax expense." Liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits involve significant judgment and the ultimate resolution of such matters may be materially different from our estimates.

In addition to the discussion above regarding deferred tax assets and associated valuation allowances, as well as unrecognized tax benefit liability estimates, other factors affect our provision for income taxes, including changes in the geographic mix of our business, the level of our annual pre-tax income, transfer pricing and intercompany transactions.

See Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in our Form 10-K and Note 16 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information related to income taxes.

Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement

During the period ended June 30, 2015, we released substantially all of our valuation allowance against deferred tax assets. As a result, we accrued a corresponding liability during the period ended June 30, 2015 for amounts relating to the Second Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement, dated as of October 26, 2015 (the "Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement"), between Lazard and LTBP Trust (the "Trust"). See Note 18 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement.

The amount of the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement liability is an undiscounted amount based upon currently enacted tax laws, including the Tax Act, the current structure of the Company and various assumptions regarding potential future operating profitability. The assumptions reflected in the estimate involve significant judgment, and if our structure were to change or

our annual taxable income were to increase, we could be required to accelerate payments under the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement. As such, the actual amount and timing of payments under the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement could differ materially from our estimates. Any changes in the amount of the estimated liability would be recorded as a non-compensation expense in the condensed consolidated statement of operations. Adjustments, if necessary, to the related deferred tax assets would be recorded through income tax expense.

The cumulative liability relating to our obligations under the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement recorded as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 was \$222 million and \$247 million, respectively, and is recorded in "tax receivable agreement obligation" on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition.

Investments

Investments consist primarily of interest-bearing deposits, debt and equity securities, and interests in alternative investment, debt, equity and private equity funds.

These investments, with the exception of interest-bearing deposits, are carried at fair value on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition, and any increases or decreases in the fair value of these investments are reflected in earnings. The fair value of investments is generally based upon market prices or the net asset value ("NAV") or its equivalent for investments in funds. See Note 6 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the measurement of the fair value of investments.

Lazard is subject to market and credit risk on investments held. As such, gains and losses on investment positions held, which arise from sales or changes in the fair value of the investments, are not predictable and can cause periodic fluctuations in net income.

Data relating to investments is set forth below:

	Sej	September 30, 2020		December 31, 2019	
		(\$ in thousands)			
Seed investments by asset class:					
Equities (a)	\$	88,671	\$	93,535	
Fixed income		12,525		13,923	
Alternative investments		21,846		5,850	
Total seed investments		123,042		113,308	
Other investments owned:					
Private equity (b)		19,796		23,588	
Interest-bearing deposits		-		517	
Fixed income and other (c)		26,615		124,670	
Total other investments owned		46,411		148,775	
Subtotal		169,453		262,083	
Add:					
Private equity consolidated, not owned (d)		15,583		10,774	
LFI (e)		350,209		259,138	
Total investments	\$	535,245	\$	531,995	

(a) At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, seed investments in directly owned equity securities were invested as follows:

	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	
Percentage invested in:			
Financials	21%	26%	
Consumer	34	32	
Industrial	11	15	
Technology	22	16	
Other	12	11	
Total	100%	100%	



- (b) Private equity investments include investments related to certain legacy businesses and co-investments in private equity funds managed by our Asset Management business. Co-investments owned were \$17 million and \$20 million as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.
- (c) At December 31, 2019, includes investments in U.S. Treasury securities of approximately \$100 million, with original maturities of greater than three months and less than one year.
- (d) Represents private equity investments that are consolidated but owned by noncontrolling interests, and therefore do not subject the Company to market or credit risk. The applicable noncontrolling interests are presented within "stockholders' equity" on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition.
- (e) Composed of investments held in connection with LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements. The market risk associated with such investments is equally offset by the market risk associated with the derivative liability with respect to awards expected to vest. The Company is subject to market risk associated with any portion of such investments that employees may forfeit. See "—Risk Management—Risks Related to Derivatives" for risk management information relating to derivatives. LFI investments held in entities in which the Company maintained a controlling interest were \$152 million in nine entities as of September 30, 2020, as compared to \$93 million in eight entities as of December 31, 2019.

At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, total investments with a fair value of \$535 million and \$531 million, respectively, included \$51 million and \$34 million, respectively, or 10% and 6%, respectively, of investments that were classified using NAV or its equivalent as a practical expedient. See Notes 5 and 6 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding investments measured at fair value, including the levels of fair value within which such measurements of fair value fall.

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company held seed investments of approximately \$123 million and \$113 million, respectively. Seed investments held in entities in which the Company maintained a controlling interest were \$61 million in eight entities as of September 30, 2020, as compared to \$47 million in seven entities as of December 31, 2019.

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company did not consolidate or deconsolidate any seed investment entities or LFI investment entities with the exception of the consolidation of certain LFI funds (see Note 21 of Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements). As such, 100% of the recorded balance of seed investments and substantially all of LFI investments as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 represented the Company's economic interest in the seed and LFI investments. See "—Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities" below for more information on the Company's policy regarding the consolidation of seed and LFI investment entities.

For additional information regarding risks associated with our investments, see "Risk Management—Investments" below as well as Item 1A, "Risk Factors—Other Business Risks—Our results of operations may be affected by fluctuations in the fair value of positions held in our investment portfolios" in our Form 10-K.

Assets Under Management

AUM primarily consists of debt and equity instruments, which have a value that is readily available based on either prices quoted on a recognized exchange or prices provided by external pricing services.

Prices of equity and debt securities and other instruments that comprise our AUM are provided by well-recognized, independent, third-party vendors. Such third-party vendors rely on prices provided by external pricing services which are obtained from recognized exchanges or markets, or, for certain fixed income securities, from an evaluated bid or other similarly sourced price.

Either directly, or through our third-party vendors, we perform a variety of regular due diligence procedures on our pricing service providers. Those procedures include oversight by our internal operations group, review of the pricing service providers' internal control frameworks, review of the pricing service providers' valuation methodologies, reconciliation to client custodial account values and comparison of significant pricing differences.

Goodwill

In accordance with current accounting guidance, goodwill has an indefinite life and is tested for impairment annually, as of November 1, or more frequently if circumstances indicate impairment may have occurred. The Company performs a qualitative evaluation about whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount in lieu of actually calculating the fair value of the reporting unit. See Note 9 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding goodwill.



Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Lazard Group and entities in which it has a controlling interest. Lazard determines whether it has a controlling interest in an entity by first evaluating whether the entity is a voting interest entity ("VOE") or a variable interest entity ("VOE") under U.S. GAAP.

- Voting Interest Entities. VOEs are entities in which (i) the total equity investment at risk is sufficient to enable the entity to finance itself independently and (ii) the equity holders have the obligation to absorb losses, the right to receive residual returns and the right to make decisions about the entity's activities. Lazard is required to consolidate a VOE if it holds a majority of the voting interest in such VOE.
- Variable Interest Entities. VIEs are entities that lack one or more of the characteristics of a VOE. If Lazard has a variable interest, or a combination of variable interests, in a VIE, it is required to analyze whether it needs to consolidate such VIE. Lazard is required to consolidate a VIE if we are the primary beneficiary having (i) the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and (ii) the obligation to absorb losses of, or receive benefits from, the VIE that could be potentially significant to the VIE.

Lazard's involvement with various entities that are VOEs or VIEs primarily arises from LFI investments and investment management contracts with fund entities in our Asset Management business. Lazard is not required to consolidate such entities because, with the exception of certain seed and LFI investments, as discussed below, we do not hold more than an inconsequential equity interest in such entities and we do not hold other variable interests (including our investment management agreements, which do not meet the definition of variable interests) in such entities.

Lazard makes seed and LFI investments in certain entities that are considered VOEs and VIEs and often require consolidation as a result of our investment. The impact of seed and LFI investment entities that require consolidation on the condensed consolidated financial statements, including any consolidation or deconsolidation of such entities, is not material to our financial statements. Our exposure to loss from entities in which we have made such investments is limited to the extent of our investment in, or investment commitment to, such entities. See "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates—Investments" above for more information regarding our investments.

Generally, when the Company initially invests to seed an investment entity, the Company is the majority owner of the entity. Our majority ownership in seed investment entities represents a controlling interest, except when we are the general partner in such entities and the third-party investors have the right to replace the general partner. To the extent material, we consolidate seed and LFI investment entities in which we own a controlling interest, and we would deconsolidate any such entity when we no longer have a controlling interest in such entity.

Risk Management

Investments

The Company has investments in a variety of asset classes, primarily debt and equity securities, and interests in alternative investments, debt, equity and private equity funds. The Company makes investments primarily to seed strategies in our Asset Management business or to reduce exposure arising from LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements. The Company measures its net economic exposure to market and other risks arising from investments that it owns, excluding (i) investments held in connection with LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements, (ii) investments in funds owned entirely by the noncontrolling interest holders of certain acquired entities and (iii) interest-bearing deposits with maturities over 90 days that allow daily withdrawals without principal penalties.

Risk sensitivities include the effects of economic hedging. For equity market price risk, investment portfolios and their corresponding hedges are beta-adjusted to the All-Country World equity index. Fair value and sensitivity measurements presented herein are based on various portfolio exposures at a particular point in time and may not be representative of future results. Risk exposures may change as a result of ongoing portfolio activities and changing market conditions, among other things.

Equity Market Price Risk—At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company's exposure to equity market price risk in its investment portfolio, which primarily relates to investments in equity securities, equity funds and hedge funds, was approximately \$105 million and \$85 million, respectively. The Company hedges market exposure arising from a significant portion of our equity investment portfolios by entering into total return swaps. The Company estimates that a hypothetical 10% adverse change in market prices would result in a net decrease of approximately \$0.3 million and \$1.0 million in the carrying value of such investments as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, including the effect of the hedging transactions.

Interest Rate/Credit Spread Risk—At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company's exposure to interest rate and credit spread risk in its investment portfolio related to investments in debt securities or funds which invest primarily in debt securities was \$43 million and \$153 million, respectively. The Company hedges market exposure arising from a portion of our debt investment portfolios by entering into total return swaps. The Company estimates that a hypothetical 100 basis point adverse change in interest rates or credit spreads would result in a decrease of approximately \$1.0 million in the carrying value of such investments as of both September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, including the effect of the hedging transactions.

Foreign Exchange Rate Risk—At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company's exposure to foreign exchange rate risk in its investment portfolio, which primarily relates to investments in foreign currency denominated equity and debt securities, was \$52 million and \$37 million, respectively. A significant portion of the Company's foreign currency exposure related to our equity and debt investment portfolios is hedged through the aforementioned total return swaps. The Company estimates that a 10% adverse change in foreign exchange rates versus the U.S. Dollar would result in a decrease of approximately \$1.0 million and \$0.2 million in the carrying value of such investments as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, including the effect of the hedging transactions.

Private Equity—The Company invests in private equity primarily as a part of its co-investment activities and in connection with certain legacy businesses. At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company's exposure to changes in fair value of such investments was approximately \$20 million and \$24 million, respectively. The Company estimates that a hypothetical 10% adverse change in fair value would result in a decrease of approximately \$2.0 million and \$2.4 million in the carrying value of such investments as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

Risks Related to Receivables

We maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts to provide coverage for probable losses from our receivables. We determine the adequacy of the allowance by estimating the probability of loss based on our analysis of the client's creditworthiness, among other things, and specifically provide for exposures where we determine the receivables are impaired. At September 30, 2020, total receivables amounted to \$575 million, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$38 million. As of that date, Financial Advisory and Asset Management fees, and customers and other receivables comprised 81% and 19% of total receivables, respectively. At December 31, 2019, total receivables amounted to \$663 million, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$27 million. As of that date, Financial Advisory and Asset Management fees, and customers and other receivables comprised 81% and 19% of total receivables, respectively. At December 31, 2019, total receivables amounted to \$663 million, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$27 million. As of that date, Financial Advisory and Asset Management fees, and customers and other receivables comprised 81% and 19% of total receivables, respectively. See also "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates—Revenue Recognition" above and Note 4 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding receivables.

LFB engages in lending activities, including commitments to extend credit (primarily for clients of LFG). At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, customer receivables included \$84 million and \$76 million, respectively, of LFB loans, with such loans being fully collateralized and closely monitored for counterparty creditworthiness.

Credit Concentrations

To reduce the exposure to concentrations of credit, the Company monitors large exposures to individual counterparties.

Risks Related to Derivatives

Lazard enters into forward foreign currency exchange contracts and interest rate swaps to hedge exposures to currency exchange rates and interest rates and uses total return swap contracts on various equity and debt indices to hedge a portion of its market exposure with respect to certain seed investments related to our Asset Management business. Derivative contracts are recorded at fair value. Derivative assets amounted to \$2 million and \$1 million at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, and derivative liabilities, excluding the derivative liability arising from the Company's obligation pertaining to LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements, amounted to \$0.4 million and \$10 million at such respective dates.

The Company also records derivative liabilities relating to its obligations pertaining to LFI awards and other similar deferred compensation arrangements, the fair value of which is based on the value of the underlying investments, adjusted for estimated



forfeitures. Changes in the fair value of the derivative liabilities are equally offset by the changes in the fair value of investments which are expected to be delivered upon settlement of LFI awards. Derivative liabilities relating to LFI amounted to \$286 million and \$226 million at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

Risks Related to Cash and Cash Equivalents and Corporate Indebtedness

A significant portion of the Company's indebtedness has fixed interest rates, while its cash and cash equivalents generally have market interest rates. Based on account balances as of September 30, 2020, Lazard estimates that its annual operating income relating to cash and cash equivalents would increase by approximately \$11 million in the event interest rates were to increase by 1% and decrease by approximately \$11 million if rates were to decrease by 1%.

As of September 30, 2020, the Company's cash and cash equivalents totaled approximately \$1,110 million. Substantially all of the Company's cash and cash equivalents were invested in (i) highly liquid institutional money market funds (a significant majority of which were invested solely in U.S. Government or agency money market funds), (ii) in short-term interest bearing and non-interest bearing accounts at a number of leading banks throughout the world, and (iii) in short-term certificates of deposit from such banks. Cash and cash equivalents are constantly monitored. On a regular basis, management reviews its investment profile as well as the credit profile of its list of depositor banks in order to adjust any deposit or investment thresholds as necessary.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is inherent in all of our businesses and may, for example, manifest itself in the form of errors, breaches in the system of internal controls, employee misconduct, business interruptions, fraud, including fraud perpetrated by third parties, or legal actions due to operating deficiencies or noncompliance. The Company maintains a framework including policies and a system of internal controls designed to monitor and manage operational risk and provide management with timely and accurate information. Management within each of the operating companies is primarily responsible for its operational risk programs. The Company has in place business continuity and disaster recovery programs that manage its capabilities to provide services in the case of a disruption. We purchase insurance policies designed to help protect the Company against accidental loss and losses that may significantly affect our financial objectives, personnel, property or our ability to continue to meet our responsibilities to our various stakeholder groups.

Recent Accounting Developments

For a discussion of recently issued accounting developments and their impact or potential impact on Lazard's consolidated financial statements, see Note 2 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Risk Management

Quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk are included under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Risk Management".

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) are effective to ensure that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In addition, no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved from time to time in judicial, regulatory and arbitration proceedings and inquiries concerning matters arising in connection with the conduct of our businesses, including proceedings initiated by former employees alleging wrongful termination. The Company reviews such matters on a case-by-case basis and establishes any required accrual if a loss is probable and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated. The Company experiences significant variation in its revenue and earnings on a quarterly basis. Accordingly, the results of any pending matter or matters could be significant when compared to the Company's earnings in any particular fiscal quarter. The Company believes, however, based on currently available information, that the results of any pending matters, in the aggregate, will not have a material effect on its business or financial condition.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Except for the new risk factor below, there were no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.

The outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") continues to affect the global community and our business, financial condition and results of operations. The nature and severity of the impact remains highly uncertain, and the extent to which COVID-19 affects our operations and heightens the risks described in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our Form 10-K will continue to depend largely on future developments, including the course of the pandemic and the extent of actions that have been or may be taken to contain or address its impact. These actions, many of which have been implemented in various jurisdictions worldwide, include, but are not limited to, declarations of states of emergency, business closures, restrictions on businesses' ability to pay dividends or make distributions, restrictions on in-person meetings and travel, or other similar restrictions and limitations. While such actions may be, or have been, relaxed or suspended, they may also be reinstated as the pandemic continues to evolve, and the relaxation or suspension of such actions may not be successful in restarting economic activity. The scope and timing of any such actions or reinstatements remains difficult to predict.

Moreover, the COVID-19 pandemic has adversely affected the economies in impacted countries and regions, including those in which our businesses operate, and the global financial markets, including the global debt and equity capital markets, which are experiencing, and may continue to experience, significant volatility. The pandemic has led to an economic downturn, including a sharp drop in aggregate demand and, particularly in the U.S., a high level of unemployment, that could adversely affect our businesse, financial condition and results of operations and could have a negative impact on our Financial Advisory and Asset Management businesses. Disruptions to, and volatility in, the global financial markets as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic may result in a decrease in the volume and value of M&A transactions, thereby reducing the demand for our Financial condition and results of operations. Those same market disruptions may result in a decrease in our AUM resulting in lower investment advisory fees for our Asset Management business, may also affect our ability to effect transactions for our Asset Management clients and may negatively impact the liquidity of the assets held in our client portfolios. Furthermore, any such disruptions to the global financial markets may affect our ability to incur debt or issue equity on acceptable terms, or at all, to fund our working capital requirements or refinance existing indebtedness, or to make acquisitions and other investments. Additionally, we have exposure to many different industries and counterparties, and we routinely execute transactions with counterparties in the financial services industry, including brokers and dealers, commercial banks, investment banks, mutual and hedge funds and other institutional clients. Many of these transactions expose us to credit risk in the event our counterparty or client defaults, which defaults could become more frequent or widespread due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Our efforts to mitigate the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic have required, and will continue to require, a significant investment of time and resources across our businesses. In response to recommendations or orders by governmental institutions limiting certain business or commercial activities in jurisdictions in which we operate around the world, we have taken, and may take further, preventative or protective actions, including instituting policies requiring employees who are capable of performing their functions remotely to do so. These arrangements may result in reduced productivity and limitations on the ability of our managing directors and employees to communicate or interact, which may adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations. Furthermore, given the unprecedented number of employees performing their functions remotely, we have reinforced policies, procedures and guidelines that we believe are reasonably designed to protect the confidentiality of our and our clients' confidential information, but there can be no assurance that these measures will be adequate. Any unauthorized disclosure of such information could result in legal action, regulatory sanctions and reputational or financial harm.



Similarly, due to the unprecedented number of employees continuously deploying the remote working capabilities of our information systems, including on home networks or through increased use of mobile technologies, we face a heightened risk of operational interruptions and security breaches involving such systems. Additionally, such home and mobile technology resources could be more susceptible to interruptions and security breaches than our dedicated business resources. There can be no assurance that protective measures and policies we have instituted in an effort to reduce the likelihood and severity of such interruptions and breaches, including as a result of cyber attacks, will be adequate. For additional information regarding operational risks with respect to our businesses, which may be exacerbated by COVID-19 and the associated actions taken to contain or address its impact, see the Risk Factors entitled "A failure in or breach of our information systems or infrastructure, or those of third parties with which we do business, including as a result of cyber attacks, could disrupt our businesses, lead to reputational harm and legal liability or otherwise impact our ability to operate our business" in our Form 10-K.

Certain of our third party vendors or service providers may take, have taken or may take further preventative or protective actions, including instituting policies requiring their respective employees who are capable of performing their functions remotely to do so and implementing or expanding back-up procedures and capabilities, and may be experiencing a growing demand for their services. Any failure of or interruption to their systems or any back-up procedures and capabilities as a result of such actions or such growth in demand could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. For additional information risks related to our reliance on vendor systems, see the Risk Factor entitled "Other operational risks may disrupt our businesses, result in regulatory action against us or limit our growth" in our Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Issuer Repurchases of Equity Securities

The following table sets forth information regarding Lazard's purchases of its common stock on a monthly basis during the third quarter of 2020. Share repurchases are recorded on a trade date basis.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	I	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
July 1 – July 31, 2020					
Share Repurchase Program (1)	-	\$	-	-	\$ 305.6 million
Employee Transactions (2)	1,166	\$	27.78	-	-
August 1 – August 31, 2020					
Share Repurchase Program (1)	-	\$	-	-	\$ 305.6 million
Employee Transactions (2)	998	\$	31.55	-	-
September 1 – September 30, 2020					
Share Repurchase Program (1)	-	\$	-	-	\$ 305.6 million
Employee Transactions (2)	12,398	\$	31.67	-	-
Total					
Share Repurchase Program (1)	-	\$	-	-	\$ 305.6 million
Employee Transactions (2)	14,562	\$	31.35	-	-

(1) Since 2018 and through the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Board of Directors of Lazard authorized the repurchase of common stock as set forth in the table below.

Date	Au	epurchase thorization	Expiration	
	(\$ i	n thousands)		
April 2018	\$	300,000	December 31, 2020	
October 2018	\$	300,000	December 31, 2020	
February 2019	\$	300,000	December 31, 2020	
October 2019	\$	300,000	December 31, 2021	



A significant portion of the Company's purchases under the share repurchase program are used to offset a portion of the shares that have been or will be issued under the 2008 Plan and the 2018 Plan. Purchases under the share repurchase program may be made in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions. The rate at which the Company purchases shares in connection with the share repurchase program may vary from quarter to quarter due to a variety of factors. Amounts shown in this line item include repurchases of common stock and exclude the shares of common stock withheld by the Company to meet the minimum statutory tax withholding requirements as described below.

(2) Under the terms of the 2008 Plan and the 2018 Plan, upon the vesting of RSUs, PRSUs, DSUs and delivery of restricted common stock, shares of common stock may be withheld by the Company to meet the minimum statutory tax withholding requirements. During the three month period ended September 30, 2020, the Company satisfied such obligations in lieu of issuing (i) 13,452 shares of common stock upon the vesting or settlement of 36,335 RSUs and (ii) 1,110 shares of common stock upon the vesting of 3,133 shares of restricted common stock.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

PART IV

Item 6. Exhibits

- 3.1 Certificate of Incorporation and Memorandum of Association of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Registration Statement (File No. 333-121407) on Form S-1/A filed on March 21, 2005).
- 3.2 <u>Certificate of Incorporation on Change of Name of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Registrant's Registration</u> Statement (File No. 333-121407) on Form S-1/A filed on March 21, 2005).
- 3.3 <u>Amended and Restated Bye-Laws of Lazard Ltd (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on June 16, 2005).</u>
- 3.4 First Amendment to Amended and Restated Bye-Laws of Lazard Ltd (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on May 9, 2008).
- 3.5 <u>Second Amendment to the Amended and Restated Bye-Laws of Lazard Ltd (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.5 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on April 30, 2010).</u>
- 4.1 Form of Specimen Certificate for Class A common stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Registration Statement (File No. 333-121407) on Form S-1/A filed on April 11, 2005).
- 4.2 Indenture, dated as of May 10, 2005, by and between Lazard Group LLC and The Bank of New York, as Trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Lazard Group LLC's Registration Statement (File No. 333-126751) on Form S-4 filed on July 21, 2005).
- 4.3 <u>Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 13, 2015, between Lazard Group LLC and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee</u> (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-32492) filed on February 13, 2015).
- 4.4 <u>Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 4, 2016, between Lazard Group LLC and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee</u> (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-32492) filed on November 7, 2016).
- 4.5 <u>Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 19, 2018, between Lazard Group LLC and the Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee</u> (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-32492) filed on September 19, 2018.
- 4.6 Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 11, 2019, between Lazard Group LLC and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-32492) filed on March 11, 2019)
- 4.7 Form of Senior Note (included in Exhibits <u>4.3</u>, <u>4.4</u>, <u>4.5</u>, and <u>4.6</u>).
- 10.1 Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of Lazard Group LLC, dated as of February 4, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to Registrant's Current Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 8-K filed on February 5, 2019).
- 10.2 <u>Second Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement, dated as of October 26, 2015, by and among Ltd Sub A, Ltd Sub B and LTBP</u> <u>Trust (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on October 28, 2015).</u>
- 10.3
 Lease, dated as of January 27, 1994, by and between Rockefeller Center Properties and Lazard Frères & Co. LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.19 to the Registrant's Registration Statement (File No. 333-121407) on Form S-1/A filed on February 11, 2005).
- 10.4
 Fourth Amendment dated as of February 16, 2011, by and among RCPI Landmark Properties, L.L.C. (as the successor in interest to Rockefeller Center Properties), RCPI 30 Rock 22234849, L.L.C. and Lazard Group LLC (as the successor in interest to Lazard Frères & Co. LLC), to the Lease dated as of January 27, 1994, by and among Rockefeller Center Properties and Lazard Frères & Co. LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on April 29, 2011).
- 10.5* Lazard Ltd 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 to the Registrant's Registration Statement (File No. 333-121407) on Form S-1/A filed on May 2, 2005).
- 10.6* Lazard Ltd 2008 Incentive Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Annex B to the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A (File No. 001-32492) filed on March 24, 2008).
- 10.7* Lazard Ltd 2016 French Sub-plan (incorporated by reference to Annex B to the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A (File No. 001-32492) filed on March 10, 2016).

- 10.8* Lazard Ltd 2018 Incentive Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Annex B to the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A (File No. 001-32492) filed on March 15, 2018).
- 10.9* Amended and Restated Agreement relating to Retention and Noncompetition and Other Covenants, dated as of March 29, 2019, by and among the Registrant, Lazard Group LLC and Kenneth M. Jacobs (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-32492) filed on April 3, 2019).
- 10.10* Amended and Restated Agreement relating to Retention and Noncompetition and Other Covenants, dated as of March 29, 2019, by and among the Registrant, Lazard Group LLC and Ashish Bhutani (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-32492) filed on April 3, 2019).
- 10.11* Amended and Restated Agreement relating to Retention and Noncompetition and Other Covenants, dated as of March 29, 2019, by and among the Registrant, Lazard Group LLC and Scott D. Hoffman (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-32492) filed on April 3, 2019).
- 10.12* Amended and Restated Agreement relating to Retention and Noncompetition and Other Covenants, dated as of March 29, 2019, by and among the Registrant, Lazard Group LLC and Evan L. Russo (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-32492) filed on April 3, 2019).
- 10.13* Amended and Restated Agreement relating to Retention and Noncompetition and Other Covenants, dated as of March 29, 2019, by and among the Registrant, Lazard Group LLC and Alexander F. Stern (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-32492) filed on April 3, 2019).
- 10.14* Form of Award Letter for Annual Grant of Deferred Stock Units to Non-Executive Directors (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-32492) filed on September 8, 2005).
- 10.15* Form of Agreement evidencing a grant of Restricted Stock Units to Executive Officers under the 2008 Incentive Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.41 to the Registrant's Annual Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-K filed on March 2, 2009).
- 10.16* Form of Agreement evidencing a grant of Deferred Cash Award to Executive Officers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.42 to the Registrant's Annual Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-K filed on March 2, 2009).
- 10.17* Directors' Fee Deferral Unit Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.39 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on May 11, 2006).
- 10.18 <u>Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of July 22, 2020, among Lazard Group LLC, the Banks from time to time parties thereto, and Citibank, N.A., as Administrative Agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on August 4, 2020).</u>
- 10.19* Form of Agreement evidencing a grant of Lazard Fund Interests to Named Executive Officers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.55 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on May 1, 2013).
- 10.20* Form of Agreement evidencing a February 20, 2014 grant of Performance-Based Stock Units under the 2008 Incentive Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.55 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed May 6, 2014).
- 10.21* Agreement between the Company and Kenneth M. Jacobs, dated as of February 20, 2014, evidencing a grant of Performance-Based Stock Units under the 2008 Incentive Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.56 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on May 6, 2014).
- 10.22* Form of Agreement evidencing a grant of Restricted Stock under the 2008 Incentive Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.55 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on April 30, 2010).
- 10.23* Form of Agreement evidencing a grant of Lazard Fund Interests (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.55 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on April 29, 2011).

- 10.24*
 Form of Agreement for Performance-Based Profits Interest Participation Right Units under the 2018 Incentive Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on April 30, 2019).
- 31.1 <u>Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Kenneth M. Jacobs.</u>
- 31.2 <u>Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Evan L. Russo.</u>
- 32.1 Section 1350 Certification for Kenneth M. Jacobs.
- 32.2 <u>Section 1350 Certification for Evan L. Russo.</u>
- 101.INS Inline XBRL Instance Document the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because iXBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
- 101.SCH Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
- 101.CAL Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
- 101.DEF Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
- 101.LAB Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
- 101.PRE Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase
- 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

* Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: November 2, 2020

LAZARD LTD

By: Name:	/s/ Evan L. Russo Evan L. Russo
Title:	Chief Financial Officer
By:	/s/ Dominick Ragone
Name:	Dominick Ragone
Title:	Chief Accounting Officer

I, Kenneth M. Jacobs, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2020 of Lazard Ltd (the "Registrant");

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 2, 2020

/s/ Kenneth M. Jacobs Kenneth M. Jacobs Chairman and Chief Executive Officer I, Evan L. Russo, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2020 of Lazard Ltd (the "Registrant");

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 2, 2020

/s/ Evan L. Russo

Evan L. Russo Chief Financial Officer November 2, 2020 Securities and Exchange Commission 100 F Street, NE Washington, DC 20549

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, the undersigned officer of Lazard Ltd (the "Registrant") hereby certifies that the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2020 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

/s/ Kenneth M. Jacobs

Kenneth M. Jacobs Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document.

November 2, 2020 Securities and Exchange Commission 100 F Street, NE Washington, DC 20549

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, the undersigned officer of Lazard Ltd (the "Registrant") hereby certifies that the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2020 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

/s/ Evan L. Russo

Evan L. Russo Chief Financial Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document.